

The Chelsea Standard.

VII. NO. 13.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, JUNE 6, 1895.

WHOLE NUMBER 325

Clothing Department.

Quarter Off Sale

buys \$1.00 worth of goods in Men's, Boys', and Children's Suits.

order to sell as many suits as we can in the next few weeks, we shall sell every suit we have in stock at

ONE FOURTH OFF

means a great saving to all who wish to buy clothing

Every suit goes, none reserved.
First come, first served.

stock of men's working shirts, men's working pants, overalls, straw hats, hosiery, summer underwear, heavy neckwear, and collars and cuffs is by far the most attractive in town. An inspection invited.

advise all to take advantage of our sale as we must reduce our stock.

S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

Agents for Butterick's Patterns, Delineators, Metropolitans, Etc.

E. WHITAKER.

going to offer you some special bargains in

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

Deere Cultivators,
Iron Edge Cultivators,
Spring Tooth Harrows,
Thomas Hay Rakes,
Thomas Hay Tedders,
McCormick and Buckeye
Mowers and Binders,

I will sell lower than the same goods have ever been sold for before. A full line of hardware at low prices.

E. WHITAKER.

WORTH
LOOKING
INTO



R. A. SNYDER
WILL SHOW YOU
THE SHOE AND THE
POLICY. AND GIVE
YOU AN OPPORTUNI-
TY OF LOOKING INTO
BOTH.

For MEN
LEWIS ACCIDENT INSURANCE

R.I.P.A.N.S

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

A SOLDIERS' MONUMENT.

A GOOD START HAS BEEN MADE TOWARD ONE.

Market Report—Lightning's Work—Happily Wedded—A Great Scheme—Death of Two Old Citizens—Other Interesting Items.

A Soldiers' Monument.

For a number of years the members of the Women's Relief Corps of this place have been quietly raising money to be applied on the purchase of a soldiers' monument. They have succeeded in raising about \$200.

At the close of the eloquent and patriotic address by Rev. Chas. O. Reilly on Decoration Day, the speaker made an appeal to those gathered there to make an attempt to enlarge the sum, and as a starter generously subscribed the sum of \$25, saying that he would double the amount if they thought it was not large enough. Subscription papers were circulated through the crowd and within a few moments \$230 had been pledged.

The amount to be expended has been estimated from \$1,200 to \$1,500, thus leaving in the neighborhood of \$1,000 yet to be raised.

It is to be hoped that we have enough generous citizens in our midst so that the amount can be speedily raised, and the monument dedicated before the old veterans have all departed.

Whipple-Denman.

On the evening of Wednesday, May 29, 1895, a very pretty wedding took place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Denman, the parents of the bride. Soon after 8 o'clock in the presence of a large number of friends and relatives, the contracting parties, Mr. Edmund J. Whipple and Miss Luella A. Denman, attended by Mr. Julius F. Schmid and Miss Mabel Leach as best man and young lady friends, presented themselves before the officiating clergyman, Rev. Bloomfield of Dexter. After the brief but interesting ceremony, about fifty guests sat down to the wedding supper. The presents were handsome, useful and numerous, tokens of the sincere respect in which the happy pair are esteemed by their friends.

Market.

The market the past week has been nervous and unsettled. The price now offered here is 80c for red or white. The late copious rains will prevent any immediate advance, but there is a very confident feeling in all quarters that wheat must yet go higher and so all parties are holding on and receipts are very light. Rye is 63c, oats 32c, beans \$1.00, eggs 10c, butter 12c. Wool comes in slowly at 10 to 13c for washed. There is an impression in some places that wool must advance on these prices at no distant day.

John M. Letts.

John M. Letts, an old resident of this place, died Tuesday, June 4th, at the age of 87 years. He was born in Salem, N. Y., and in 1835 came to Michigan. Since that time he has lived in or near Chelsea. He was three times married. His first wife was Miss Sarah McComb. They were married at Waterloo, N. Y., March 12, 1829, and lived together to enjoy their golden wedding, but a few months afterward Mrs. Letts died. He was soon afterward married to Mrs. A. G. Chase of Wayne, who lived but a short time. Mrs. Lydia Evans was his third wife, who died but a few weeks ago.

Mr. Letts was the father of seven children, four of whom are still living: Mrs. J. W. Green of California, Charles Letts and Mrs. H. M. Dean of Detroit, and Mrs. Wesley Canfield of this place.

During the past few years Mr. Letts has been a constant care because of his great age and consequent infirmities.

For many years he was a member of the M. E. church and constant in attendance when he was able.

The funeral services were held at 10 a. m. today at the M. E. church, in charge of the pastor, Rev. C. L. Adams.

Martin F. Cross.

Martin F. Cross died Sunday night June 2, 1894 at the home of Perry Haner after an illness of a few weeks. His health had not been firm for some time, but during the spring months he had been gradually failing. He was born in Syracuse, N. Y., March 7, 1814, and at

the time of his death was in his eighty-second year. He came to Michigan in 1848, spending several years in this vicinity. He was twice married, the first time in 1846 to Emma P. Selfe, by whom he had six children, three of whom are still living. The funeral services were held at the home of Mr. Haner, Tuesday morning, Rev. C. L. Adams officiating. The body was taken to Munith for burial.

Our Dry Goods Stores.

Groceries are sold in ten different places in this village. Dry goods and clothing in but two places. Liquid refreshments in six saloons and two drug stores. The inner man is better provided for than the outer—Chelsea Cor. to Ann Arbor Argus. While it is true that Chelsea has only two dry goods stores, it is a fact that we are better supplied in that line than other villages that have a half a dozen places that sell dry goods. Either of our stores here would be a credit to a city of 10,000 inhabitants, and the fact is that they are second to none in the county, and that they carry as large stocks and varied assortments as any store in Ann Arbor, and as to prices Chelsea has the reputation of drawing trade from nearly within sight of the dome on university hall, the people being attracted by the low prices.

Council Doings.

The council met in regular session Wednesday evening with the following officers present: President Beckwith, and Trustees Riemenschneider, Schenk, Pierce and Glazier.

The following bills were presented and ordered paid: A. C. Pierce salary from April 22d to June 1st, \$38; G. E. Davis, four days' work, \$5.

Moved and supported that the street committee look after the areas by the Steinbach and TurnBull & Wilkinson blocks and see that they are placed in a safe condition. Carried.

Moved and supported that the question of changing the ordinances to conform with the new charter be referred to the ordinance committee. Carried.

The meeting then adjourned.

Lightning's Work.

Lightning got in its work in this vicinity during the storm Saturday evening. The freight house was struck, the roof being torn up to some extent, large nails were drawn from the solid timbers as neatly as though drawn with a hammer. The fluid tore around inside of the building splintering up the woodwork, and finally left the building without doing any further damage.

At Lima Fred Nelhaus' hired man was unharnessing a team and had just left the stall when a stroke of lightning killed the horse that he had just left. The fluid ran under a straw stack and set it afire, and it was only by hard work that the building was saved.

A Great Scheme.

The rumor is in the air of a great scheme for a new composite democratic daily and weekly paper in Ann Arbor. It is a capitalistic venture. The scheme as it is told is to purchase the Ann Arbor Democrat, the Ypsilanti Sentinel or Commercial, the Dexter Leader, the Saline Observer, the Manchester Enterprise and one of the Chelsea papers. Then establish a daily, semi-weekly and weekly. The daily to give news from all the sections, and the semi-weekly and the weekly to be devoted to the villages at least one page from each village. It is a great scheme, and one that would take a considerable capital to swing. The singular thing about the affair is that no one seems to know who is back of it, and who is the front of it either. The prevalent opinion is that it is only a hair brain scheme. All air.—Ann Arbor Courier.

A New Art Editor.

William Martin Johnson, who illustrated the "Ben Hur" for the Harpers, and also their editions of "The Cloister and the Hearth" and "Hypatia," becomes the art editor of The Ladies' Home Journal on June 1st, leaving New York to reside permanently in Philadelphia. Mr. Barton Cheyney, a clever newspaper man who has been attached to the press of Delaware and Pennsylvania, is also added to the Journal's editorial staff as one of Mr. Bok's principal associates.

For Sale—A good work horse or will trade for sheep or cattle. HOMER H. BOYD, Sylvan.

POISONS

ALL FRESH

Paris Green

Insect Powder

London Purple

White Hellibore

Whale Oil Soap

Poison Fly Paper

Tanglefoot Fly

Paper and all

Insect Exter-

minators.

Quality Pure

Prices Lowest

Armstrong & Co.

R. McCOLGAN,
Physician, Surgeon & Accoucheur
Office and residence second door
south of South street, on Main.
Office hours 8 to 6 p. m.
CHELSEA, MICH.

W. A. CONLAN,
DENTIST.
Office over Glazier's Drug Store.
CHELSEA, MICH.

D. R. BUELL,
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
Office in Hatch & Durand building.
Office hours—8 to 12, a. m.
2 to 6, p. m.
CHELSEA, MICH.

OPERATIVE, PROSTHETIC AND
Ceramic Dentistry in all their
branches. Teeth examined and advice
given free. Special attention given to
children's teeth. Nitrous oxide and
local anesthetics used in extracting,
permanently located.
H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.
Office over Kempf Bros.' Bank

GEO. W. TURNBULL
Attorney and Counselor at Law.
Pensions and patents obtained. None
but legal fees charged.
Money placed and loaned on good
security.

F. FRANK SHAVER,
Prop. of The "City" Barber
Shop. In the new Babcock Building
Main street.
CHELSEA, MICH.

W. S. HAMILTON
Veterinary Surgeon
Graduate of the Ontario Veterinarian
College. Registered member of the
Ont. Vet. Med. Association. Office
on corner of Summit and East streets,
CHELSEA, MICH.

W. Q. GRESHAM DEAD.

SECRETARY OF STATE PASSES AWAY IN WASHINGTON.

All the Family Present Except Otto, the Son—Heroic Life and Character of the Man—He Dies the Victim of Overwork.

End of a Noble Life.

Walter Quinton Gresham, Secretary of State, died of pneumonia Tuesday morning at 1:15 o'clock at the Arlington Hotel in Washington. All hope of his recovery was practically abandoned when a sinking spell occurred shortly before 6 o'clock Monday evening. The most powerful heart stimulants known to medical science, nitro glycerine and digitalis, were injected periodically, and an infusion of normal saline solution was made through an opened vein in the arm. He recovered slightly, but owing to severe rigors shortly before 11 o'clock he began to fall rapidly, and his vitality began to ebb. The three physicians saw that the end was near, and at 12 o'clock withdrew to the ante-room, leaving in the sick chamber only the members of his family, Mrs. Gresham, her daughter, Mrs. Andrews, and son-in-law, Mr. Andrews, and the nurses.

Up to that time he had been conscious and talked at intervals. His words were full of bravery. He fully appreciated his condition and spoke words of hope and cheer to his stricken wife and daughter. Sometimes his mind wandered slightly and went back to the days of long ago, recalling incidents of life and happiness in the springtime of his life. He spoke, too, of his absent son and his private secretary, Mr. Landis, whom he loved as a son,



WALTER Q. GRESHAM.

and who, like his son, was speeding to his bedside, all too late. All through the long night of his pain the dying statesman had called and asked for the coming of the man who was flying eastward with all the speed steam and steel could bring him, but it was not to be. The shadow of death was upon the father's face when Otto Gresham saw it. He reached the bedside too late. The Secretary of War tried to arrange for a special train from Pittsburgh to bring the young man on, but as the result proved, no flight could have been swift enough to cover the distance in time.

Just before the physicians retired he ceased speaking, though he appeared to be conscious. Mrs. Gresham sat at the bedside smoothing his fevered brow and occasionally reading to him from Bible passages which he loved. As the end approached his pulse became hardly perceptible. Gradually his eyes glazed and closed. Mrs. Gresham, with noble and heroic fortitude, continued to read the words of the gospel to her departing husband. Her daughter and son-in-law stood with bowed heads at the side of the couch. At 1:15 o'clock his breathing ceased; a peaceful shadow passed over his pale countenance; his pulse flickered, and the sorrowing family were in the presence of death. One of the nurses conveyed the news that the end had come to the physicians in the next room, and they in turn brought it to the watchers in the reception room. President Cleveland was immediately notified.

Pneumonia Causes Death.

Four weeks ago Mr. Gresham was attacked with what was looked upon as a light attack of pleurisy, but it refused to yield to treatment, spread from one lung membrane to the other, and finally developed into severe pneumonia. His condition after that time was extremely critical. His heart action became enfeebled, requiring the constant administration of the most powerful heart stimulants. One or the other of his physicians, Drs. Johnson and Prentiss, or both, were constantly with him. His pulse reached 160, and was so feeble that it could barely be counted. But for the stimulants, he would have died. Nitro glycerine and strychnine were given continuously, hypodermically, together with digitalis and whisky. He was able to take no nourishment save in a liquid form—principally milk punches—and the whole effort of the physicians was directed toward sustaining and strengthening him. The right pleural cavity was filled with the effused fluid, and the lungs compressed so as to make breathing impossible.

Mrs. Gresham's devotion to her husband during his illness was of the most tender, patient and faithful character. Although physically slight, she displayed, so said one who was in the sick chamber several times a day throughout the Secretary's illness, remarkable endurance and nerve. For four weeks she hardly had her clothes off. Night and day she was at the bedside, snatching an hour or two of sleep when she could on a lounge in her room. She seemed determined to fight off death. "If he dies," she said many times, "I lose all." With patience and devotion she ministered to his every want, giving everything her personal attention, and trying to cheer and brighten him when he was speechless and fretful. The utmost persua-

sion was required to induce her even to lie down. Sunday she grew so faint from sheer exhaustion that she reeled and would have fallen had not one of the nurses caught her in her arms.

The nation mourns for one of her illustrious sons. Not since the death of James G. Blaine has Washington been so moved. There is multiplied evidence of genuine sorrow on every hand.

CAREER OF JUDGE GRESHAM.

His Father Was Sheriff of an Indiana County.

Walter Quinton Gresham was born March 17, 1832, near Lanesville, Harrison County, Ind. The Greshams are of English ancestry. His father, William Gresham, was sheriff of the county, and was killed in the discharge of his duties when Walter was but two years old. In his boyhood young Gresham did the usual work of a farmer's son and studied his books at night. His education was gained by the hardest kind of work and self-denial. He went to the district school, and when he was 16 years old he had an opportunity to attend the Corydon Seminary. He got a clerkship in the county auditor's office, and this helped him to pay his board and school expenses. After two years at the academy he spent one year at the Bloomington University. On his return to Corydon he secured a place in the county clerk's office. There he studied law under the direction of Judge William A. Porter. He was admitted to the bar when 21 years old and began practice at once. Two years later he was stumping his district for John C. Fremont, the first presidential candidate of the Republican party, with which organization Mr. Gresham had always allied himself until 1892, when he declared himself a believer in the Democratic party. In 1856 he married Miss Matilda McGrain, a pretty Kentuckian, whose parents moved to Corydon when she was quite young.

On the eve of forming a law partnership at Indianapolis, destined to lead to fortune as well as fame, he read Lincoln's call to arms and paused in his negotiations. The Union was in danger. Republican institutions were on trial. If such as he placed self before country what would become of the country? Young Gresham grew more and more serious, and never having served in the militia passed all his leisure in studying military tactics. His young wife, not yet 22, with a girl baby two months old and a boy of 3 tugging at her skirts, knew what was in the mind of her young husband, and watched him with fear in her heart. Summer was fired on in April. The following September Gresham felt that his hour had come. Personally brave, he was a bit of a coward when his wife was concerned, for he knew what a sacrifice she would make in giving him up to probable death. But at last the time for parting came. Gresham rode out of Corydon lieutenant colonel of the Thirty-eighth Indiana volunteers, a regiment recruited so hurriedly that the men hardly knew one end of a gun from the other, and went into active service ununiformed. Three months later Gresham returned home to recruit a regiment of his own, the Fifty-third Indiana. The men under his command adored him. Some of those who lived to return said that Gresham was a severe disciplinarian, but always just and kind, and one who never spared himself. After the fall of Vicksburg Gresham was promoted to a brigadier generalship. He took part in all important movements of the Army of the Tennessee. Mrs. Gresham only saw her husband when temporary cessation of hostilities made her presence in camp feasible.

Gresham commanded a division marching through Georgia and was terribly wounded at Atlanta. He was carried off the field and conveyed to Nashville by a roundabout way to avoid falling into the hands of the enemy. Thirty miles of the journey were made in an ambulance. Imagine the agony to the man who had had an inch and a half of bone shot away. So fearful were the roads that the stone had to be cleared away before the ambulance could proceed, and then it was at the risk of the general's life. Mrs. Gresham met her husband at Nashville. Strangely enough, as she arrived at the door of the St. Cloud hotel Gen. Gresham was carried on a stretcher through the back door. It was a fight for life. Their next move came to a sudden halt in New Albany. The wounded man could go no further, and thus the Greshams became residents of Louisville's Indiana suburb. For ten months Gresham did not leave his bed. After he got out of bed he was five years on crutches. He went into the war a stalwart of 28; he came out a wreck. Six years later, at the age of 34, he found himself lamed for life, with an impaired constitution.

In President Arthur's cabinet he filled first the post of Postmaster General and then of Secretary of the Treasury. Judge Gresham made his first mark as a jurist in the decisions he gave in the intricate Wabash Railway case. The road had the backing of the greatest corporation in the country and the case was defended by the ablest counsel that could be secured. Judge Gresham's opinion was so fearless and at the same time so just as to gain the admiration of the whole country. Judge Gresham was a candidate for the Republican nomination for President in both 1884 and 1888. In 1888 he received 111 votes on the first ballot; his vote rose to 123 on the third ballot, and then dwindled to 59 on the eighth and last. The People's party in convention at Omaha July, 1892, practically offered Judge Gresham its presidential nomination, which he refused. Judge Gresham was considered the ideal candidate by the Populists because of his lifelong opposition to tyranny, oppression and injustice of any sort.

Judge Gresham's final departure from the party at whose birth he had assisted came in the last campaign. He announced his intention of voting for Mr. Cleveland in a letter dated Oct. 22, 1892, and addressed to Major Bluford Wilson, who was solicitor of the treasury under Grant. After Mr. Cleveland's election Judge Gresham was offered the premiership of the cabinet and accepted. He was appointed Secretary of State March 4, 1893.

WHEAT GOES SOARING

GREAT TUMULT ON THE CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE.

All the Brokers Wild with Excitement and Fighting for July Options—Price Goes to 82 Cents While 250,000,000 Bushels Are Bought.

Record in Trading Smashed.

July wheat shot up to 82 cents Thursday on the Chicago Board of Trade. As it rose and soared a thousand hands of yelling brokers were stretched to bring it back to earth. It was a long and exciting struggle, but just before the close of the session the furor quieted, the price fluttered awhile and then dropped to 78½, or 1½ cents above the closing quotation of Wednesday. But while the wheat was going up and coming down, the Chicago Board of Trade experienced the greatest day in its history. There may have been as much excitement on previous occasions, when big corners were run, but at no time was there such an amount of business transacted, and when the closing gong sounded the brokers dropped their arms, and were glad to escape to their offices. Over 250,000,000 bushels of wheat, it was estimated, were traded in. Margins were called for and put up with astonishing swiftness. The marble steps leading to the banks which do a margin business were blackened with the footprints of messenger boys, who carried checks and notices to and from the banks. At least \$1,000,000 in margins was deposited. During the great swirl John C. Schwartz, an erstwhile plunger, was blown out of the market like a bit of chaff. The tremendous boom went on. Everybody was buying, and most of all the farmers. The failure of Schwartz was an incident; the feature was the farmer.

The night session proved of equal inter-

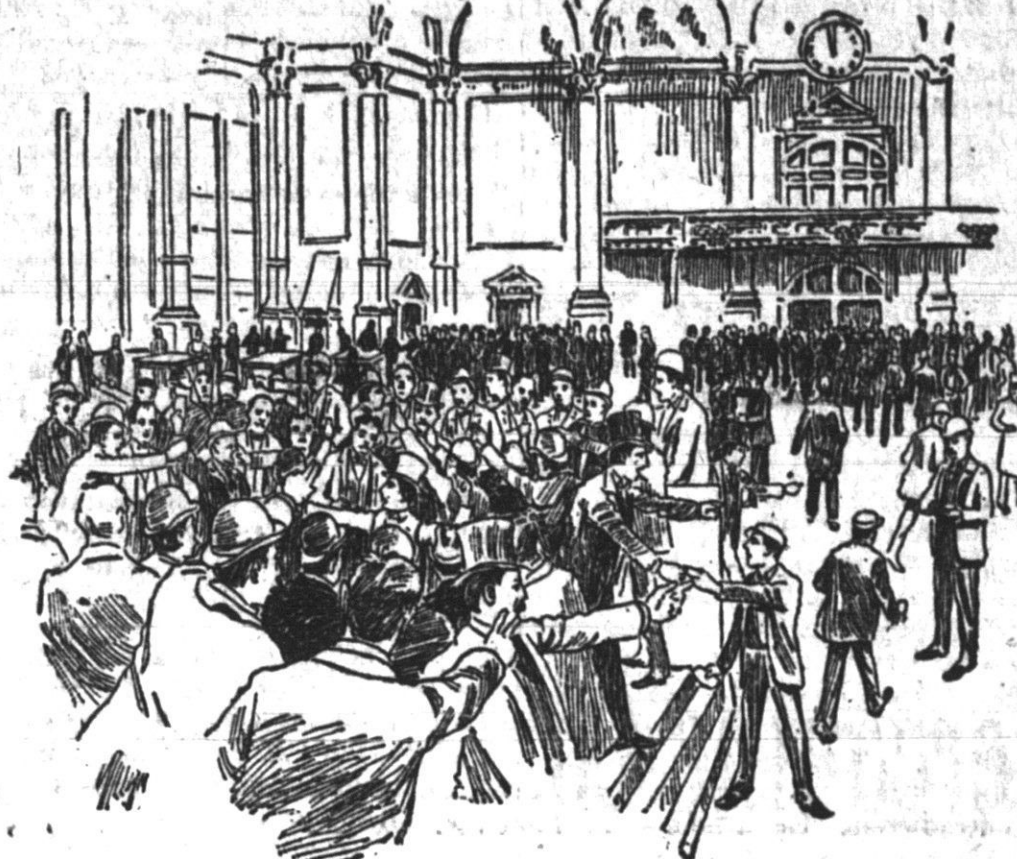
est to that of the afternoon. The report of the committee on resolutions was read by Judge U. M. Rose, of Little Rock, Ark., and was unanimously adopted. Congressman Josiah Patterson, in response to repeated calls, made a speech, in which he appealed to the people of the South not to break away from every tie that had hitherto bound them in the matter of commerce. He spoke of the commercial relations that had always existed between the Eastern States and the South and between the latter section and the States of Illinois, Indiana, Michigan and Iowa, and asked what was to be gained by breaking with these and joining their fortunes with those of Colorado, Nevada, Wyoming and Nebraska. Resolutions were adopted to have Congressman Patterson's speech published in pamphlet form, together with that of Secretary Carlisle, and to be distributed throughout the South by a committee of one from each of the Southern States that sent delegations to the convention.

MEETING IN MEMPHIS.

Opponents of the Free Coinage of Silver Hold a Convention.

An audience of 3,000 persons was in attendance at the big Auditorium in Memphis, Tenn., when W. J. Crawford, chairman of the committee of arrangements, called the "sound money and better banking facilities" convention to order. Delegates from all the Southern States were present to the number of about 600 and represented all ranks, from the politician to the farmer. In a short speech, which was unmistakable in its indorsement of the gold standard, Mr. Crawford welcomed the delegates to Memphis, and declared the convention ready for business.

Ex-Congressman R. H. Clark, of Alabama, in a speech indorsing the policy of the administration in maintaining the credit of the country, nominated for permanent chairman Congressman Thomas C. Catchings, of Mississippi, who was unanimously elected. Mr. Catchings, in accepting, indorsed President Cleveland and Secretary Carlisle, and also took occasion to prophesy that the present silver craze would soon be stored away in the warehouses at Ocala, Fla., along with the plans that were formulated there a few years ago for a government loan on the products of the country. After the appointment of a committee on resolutions, one from each of the States represented, Secretary Carlisle was escorted to the stage by Congressman Josiah Patterson. Mr. Carlisle spoke for an hour and twenty-five minutes, and at the conclusion of his address an adjournment was taken until 8 o'clock at night. The night session proved of equal inter-



SCENE IN THE WHEAT PIT WHEN THE MARKET WAS AT ITS HEIGHT.

For several weeks now the farmer has persisted in buying wheat. He has calculated the damage done to the crops by the flies and chinch bugs at home, and migrating to Chicago, he has taken from professional traders what they have been winning from him during the last three years. There were 500 of these farmers Thursday swarming about the Board of Trade. And they continued to buy wheat. The paralyzing feature of the market occurred at the opening. Wheat sold Tuesday at 71½. It closed Wednesday at 77½. But Thursday morning the first deals made were at 80 and 81 a bushel, a clear jump of 3%. When the gong sounded at 9:30 o'clock the wheat pit was filled with 400 nervous brokers, who were waiting for the battle to begin. Before the sound had died away every man had his hands in the air, and was shouting like a demon. The noise rose as a babel of sound. Anticipating a lively session, the galleries were packed. Five hundred women were in one, and as many men in another. They leaned over the railing in their eagerness to watch the pandemonium in the pit below. The excitement was so intense that the other pits were almost neglected. At least 1,500 members were on the floor, and their attention was centered in the wheat pit. While the struggle was on a small army of messenger boys was chasing in and out of the building. The 125 telegraph operators on the floor were crowded to death. Every little town in the country wanted to get into direct communication with the board. The price went up to 82. That seemed to cap the climax. About ten minutes before the close every broker seemed to think it was a good time to take profits and began selling. Within three minutes the price dropped from 81½ to 78½. It rallied slightly, and closed for the day at 78½.

It was a great day. All told a conservative estimate of the business transacted amounted to a quarter of a billion bushels. This is the liveliest market the board has experienced since 1891, when within two months wheat rose from 87 to \$1.15 a bushel. The present rise has been under way since last April. In February wheat sold at 52 cents, May 13 it was at 64 cents. Thursday it was nearly 18 cents over that price.

Excitement in New York.

In New York the excitement at the opening of the wheat market Thursday exceeded anything seen in the present advance. It was a wild tumult of buying with almost a total disregard of price, so that July opened from 83 to 83½ cents at the same moment. This represented a rise of 3 to 3½ cents from the official close of Wednesday. After jumping up to 83½ cents, prices lost a cent, and then swung back again, advancing to 84½ cents. Transactions went far above any day yet, amounting to 18,000,000 bushels before noon. Most of this great business was done during the first hour. The ex-

rest to that of the afternoon. The report of the committee on resolutions was read by Judge U. M. Rose, of Little Rock, Ark., and was unanimously adopted. Congressman Josiah Patterson, in response to repeated calls, made a speech, in which he appealed to the people of the South not to break away from every tie that had hitherto bound them in the matter of commerce. He spoke of the commercial relations that had always existed between the Eastern States and the South and between the latter section and the States of Illinois, Indiana, Michigan and Iowa, and asked what was to be gained by breaking with these and joining their fortunes with those of Colorado, Nevada, Wyoming and Nebraska. Resolutions were adopted to have Congressman Patterson's speech published in pamphlet form, together with that of Secretary Carlisle, and to be distributed throughout the South by a committee of one from each of the Southern States that sent delegations to the convention.



The "new woman's bible" probably will have a postscript added to each chapter.

Advices from the Northwest indicate that the Russian thistle has not been injured by the frost.

Having safely passed the crises of a dog show and a cat show, will New York now tackle a rat show?

As we understand it, Champion Corbett is now anxious to fight somebody over in Europe—and no one else.

That Ohio editor who wants to take 500 hens on subscription account evidently wants to break into our set.

Admiral Meade probably knows now that an ounce of silence is worth more than several pounds of apology.

It is announced that "Kate Field will pay a visit to Hawaii." Col. Kohlsaat will also pay for the same visit.

A close reading of the Cuban war news reveals the fact that the results depend entirely upon who controls the cable.

A New York paper says that "the cat now rules the day." Then we hope Thomas will be content to work a twelve-hour turn and let us sleep at night.

The Cincinnati undertakers have decided to call themselves "morticians." This looks like running phraseology into the ground.

Reuben Rhodes, aged 21, of Vermicell, O., was killed by his gun exploding. He was hunting.

Tired Women

Find in the blood purifying, building qualities of Hood's Sarsaparilla just what they need.



low: "I am almost dead local trouble which developed into a very serious condition necessitating a surgical operation. I was broken down, had numerous boils, when I commenced taking Hood's Sarsaparilla I weighed only 112 pounds. I weigh over 125 pounds and am in better health than for the past fifteen years. Formerly I was covered with eruptions now my skin is clear. I can testify to the truth of the above." Mrs. Isa Griggs.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

has no equal for poor run-down people. Every one remarks about how well looking." Mrs. Isa Griggs.

Hood's Pills not harmful to the system. Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Chinese Titles.

A letter received by the London Convention respecting the sale of official titles in China throws a somewhat new light on the question. It says that the Celestial Government sells its titles and decorations it gives no fixed tenure. The wearer of the blue tunic, the blue glass, or the blue feather, is a mere tenant at will, mere stroke of the official pen, and his signia may be confiscated—like the yellow jacket—unless he is prepared to buy them back again, lapses into a mere undecorated man.

It is marvelous how long a rotund will stand, provided it be not abused.

YOUNG GIRLS.

INTERESTING CONCLUSIONS.

Mothers Agree on One Vital Point.

(SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.) Young girls, to the thinking mothers ever subjects of the deepest interest. Some lead a life of luxury, while others toil for mere existence. Separate ever, as they are in life may be, but they all have one thing in common: they all demand the same thing.



through modesty, and often what ought to be told.

Yet they are not to blame, for information on such subjects has been held from them, owing to the false pretension of a mother's duty.

In such cases they should do as the young ladies are doing every day: write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lowell, Mass., giving as nearly as possible a full description of their symptoms, and receive her freely and promptly.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the young girl's most friend. It can be obtained of any druggist, and speedily relieves and cures all ailments, suspension, retention, and derangements of the womb and ovaries.

It banishes promptly all pains, aches, backache, faintness, nervous sleeplessness, melancholia, etc. Young girls must know that self-protection is the first law of nature.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY

DONALD KENNEDY, OF ROXBURY.

Has discovered in one of our pastures a remedy that cures all kinds of Humor, from the worst kind down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven cases, and never failed except in one (both thunder humor). He has no possession over two hundred copies of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for the name of the nearest druggist.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is obtained when the right quantity is used. When the lungs are affected by shooting pains, like needles through them; the same with the bowels. This is caused by the humor stopped, and always disappears after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is foul or bilious, cause squeamish feelings at first. No change of diet ever necessary. Dose, one tablespoonful in water three times. Sold by all Druggists.

It is the best medicine for all kinds of Humor, from the worst kind down to a common Pimple.

It is the best medicine for all kinds of Humor, from the worst kind down to a common Pimple.

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It is the best medicine for all kinds of Humor, from the worst kind down to a common Pimple.

BY THE SCORE.

MA VICTIMS OVERTAKEN DEATH WHILE ASLEEP.

Reports Swell the List of Lost... The Vessel's Boilers Burst... Miles Off the Mexican Coast... Wreck Were Saved.

Had 182 Persons on Board.

meager and unsatisfactory advices... received regarding the founder... Pacific Mail steamer Colima... San Francisco persist... statement that they had received... of the wreck of the steam... they tried to discredit entirely the... of the disaster. Several dis... have been received by the Mer... Exchange and by private ship... all confirming the tale of the... tragedy, and varying only in the... of the information conveyed... Pitts of the steamer San Juan... that he picked up a boat con... nineteen persons, fourteen of... were passengers and five members... crew of the Colima. The rescued... was taken to Manzanillo and... steamer San Juan started out again in... of other boats from the Colima... presumption being that the balance... and crew was afloat in other...

The Colima's Boiler Burst.

Latest intelligence regarding the dis... received was in cipher message to a... Francisco shipping firm containing... statement of Third Officer Hansen... was in charge of the boat picked up... stated that about 11:15 at night... Colima was about fifty miles from... Manzanillo, and between that port and... St. Almo, an accident occurred to... machinery. Hansen had not time to... the trouble, but believed a... had burst. The Colima was put... but began to sink rapidly... scene of wild confusion followed... boat was lowered and most of the... was swung out, but so far as Hansen... the boat he commanded was the... one which got clear of the sinking... It quickly foundered, and to avoid... section Hansen's boat quickly pulled... and the night being dark, it was im... to tell whether the other boats... away from the ship or not... Colima was a single-screw propeller... iron hull. She was built in 1873 at... Pa., by John Roach & Sons. Her... age was 2,909.64 gross, 2,143.85 net... horsepower 1,100 and her speed eleven... one-half knots. This was her one... and twenty-ninth voyage to Pan... She carried about 2,000 tons of... and was valued at \$103,000.

YOUTHFUL SOLDIERS.

Moving Movement to Establish Military Drill in the Schools.

The movement lately inaugurated to... boys in the public schools in military... is meeting with great success. The... have named themselves the Ameri... Guard, and those of New York and...oklyn on Memorial Day paraded to... number of 10,000... ll over the country the military drill... is meeting with favor, and the... in most of the cities, as well as in... of the smaller towns are getting... line in favor of the innovation. The... tion has become one of national im... and has already been taken up... congress, as well as in the Legislatures... of the States. The Grand Army... Republic is really behind the move... to give some soldierly discipline to... lads in the public schools throughout... country... though the national movement is a... one, military instruction in the pub... schools has long been practiced in... cities. In Boston the system has... a thoroughly worked out, probably... there the "Boston School Regiment"



MARCHING TO THEIR OWN MUSIC.

Members about 1,500 uniformed boys. In... York and Brooklyn the movement is... ing rapid strides. The American... has been formed from the battal... of the public schools, and each bat... has its number and place in line... in Boston, they turn out on special... days, and have been the feature of... than one big parade of real soldiers... Washington, Cincinnati, Columbus... Moines, Omaha and scores of other... cities and towns the idea is mak... headway... bat military drill is popular among the... boys is evident to anyone who sees... lads at drill. They willingly give up... of their play hour to take part in it... the competition for officers' positions... One has but to look at the air of... with which these youngsters wear... neat little uniforms to appreciate... feelings. In most of the schools only... larger companies are uniformed and... pped, and there are one or two com... composed of the smaller and un... and boys, which correspond to a drill... from which the ranks of the regu... companies are recruited.



All other powders are cheaper made and inferior, and leave either acid or alkali in the food.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

The Nobility of the Donkey.

The donkey, who, rather undeservedly, has come to be considered one of the "naturals" of the animal world, was dedicated by the ancients to Bacchus, while the ass of Silenus was raised to a place among the stars. Apparently he was a more intellectual personage in early days than he is supposed to be at present. Ammonius, the grammarian, possessed one who invariably attended his master's lectures on poetry, and would even leave the choicest luncheon of thistles to do so. "Wicked as a red ass" ran an old proverb, which the Copts believed in so firmly that every year they sacrificed an unhappy animal of the detested color by hurling it headlong from a wall.

In an old black-letter translation of Albertus Magnus the donkey figures in the following extraordinary receipt: "Take an Adder's skyn, and Auri pigmentum, and greeke pitch of Reupriticum, and the waxe of newe Bees, and the fat or grease of an Asse, and breake them all, and put them all in a dull seething pot full of water, and make it to seethe at a giowe fire, and after let it waxe cold, and make a taper, and every man that shall see light of it shall seeme headlesse."

Burton, in his "Anatomy of Melancholy," mentions as a valuable armlet, "a ring made of the hoove of an asse's right foot carried about." A tract written by a certain "A. B." in 1595, entitled "The Nobleness of the Asse," is exceedingly laudatory of that excellent animal: "He refuseth no burden, he goes whither he is sent without any contradiction. He lifts not his foote against any one; he bytes not; he is no fugitive, nor malicious affected. He doth all things in good sort, and to his liking that hath cause to employ him." But what chiefly fills the worthy author with admiration is the donkey's voice—his "goodly, sweet, and continual brayings," which form "a melodious and proportionate kind of musick."—The Gentleman's Magazine.

Conservative Little Bodies

Are those diminutive organs, the kidneys, which, in spite of their small size, perform in health a most important part in the mechanism of the system. Out of order they breed dangerous trouble. Renew their activity with Hostetter's Stomach Bitter, which prevents the serious and often fatal diseases resulting from their inaction. This sterling medicine, moreover, remedies malarial, rheumatic and dyspeptic complaints, and invigorates the whole system.

Killed Himself with a Pin.

The suicide of Admiral Villeneuve, when taken prisoner by the English, was ingenious. He had some anatomical plates and by examining them located his own heart precisely. Then he thrust a large pin—his only weapon—into its head at the point selected. It pierced the heart, and he was found dead.

The Hon. Samuel W. Allerton, of Chicago, is enthusiastic on the subject of Hot Springs, S. D. He writes as follows:

Fred T. Evans, Prop. The Evans, Hot Springs, S. D.—My Dear Sir: I believe that when the American people know of the great curing power of your springs for rheumatism that you will have to build more hotels, the climate is so much better than Hot Springs, Ark. Yours truly,

SAMUEL W. ALLERTON. The C., B. & Q. R. R. have just published a pamphlet descriptive of the hot springs, and copies can be had free by addressing P. S. Eustis, General Passenger Agent, Chicago.

Fearful Slaughter.

In the charge of the Light Brigade, at Balaklava, 673 officers and men took part. There were 130 killed, 134 wounded, and 15 prisoners. Only 195 rode back, the remainder having been dismounted. Out of 673 horses, 475 were killed and 42 wounded.

A New View of Life.

It is surprising how often the troubles of this life spring from indigestion. And more surprising how few people know it. You say, "I'm blue," or "My head feels queer," or "I can't sleep," or "Everything frets me." Nine times in ten indigestion is at the bottom of all your miseries, and a box of Ripans Tablets would give you an entirely new view of life.

Whenever you buy or sell, let or hire, make a definite bargain, and never trust to the flattering lie, "We shan't disagree about trifles."

No specific for local skin ailments can cope in popular favor with Glenn's Sulphur Soap. "Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye," Black or Brown, 50c.

Good Work.

Seattle, Wash., is now the seat of a State bacteriological laboratory for the examination of the germs of consumption, diphtheria, and other diseases, and some valuable work has already been done in the examination of the water supply of the city for germs of typhoid fever.

The Ladies.

The pleasant effect and perfect safety with which ladies may use the California Liquid Laxative, Syrup of Figs, under all conditions, makes it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuine article, look for the name of the California Fig Syrup Co., printed near the bottom of the package.

It is estimated that for every degree of change in temperature during the cold half of the year throughout the territory in which anthracite coal is used the consumption is influenced 2 per cent. The temperature effect is largely upon the coal used in heating, and is a definite factor for calculation.

Why She Smiles Sweetly.

Sparkling eyes, quick beating heart, and the rosy blush of pleasure on the cheeks, makes the strong man happy when he meets his lady love. That's the kind of a man whose very touch thrills because it is full of energy, vigorous nerve power and vitality. Tobacco makes strong men weak and wretched. No-To-Bac sold by Druggists everywhere. Guaranteed to cure. Book, titled "Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life Away," free. Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., New York or Chicago.

Dr. George B. Haggart thinks that birds eat choke berries in preference to other kinds when they wish to cut down their weight so as to fly well. Some of the anti-fat remedies contain poke berry juice.

Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Is taken internally. Price 75 cents.

Luther's father was a miner, and the future reformer often earned a supper by singing in the streets.

I BELIEVE Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my boy's life last summer.—Mrs. ALLIE DOUGLASS, LeRoy, Mich., Oct. 20, 1894.

The rhinoceros has a perfect passion for wallowing in the mud, and is usually covered with a thick coat of it.

Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP for Children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

PROSPECTIVE MOTHERS

and those soon to become mothers, should know that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription robs childbirth of its tortures and terrors, as well as of its dangers to both mother and child, by aiding nature in preparing the system for parturition. Thereby "labor" and the period of confinement are greatly shortened. It also promotes the secretion of an abundance of nourishment for the child.

Mrs. DORA A. GUTHRIE, of Oakley, Overton Co., Tenn., writes: "When I began taking Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription, I was not able to stand on my feet without suffering almost death. Now I do all my housework, washing, cooking, sewing and everything for my family of eight. I am stouter now than I have been in six years. Your 'Favorite Prescription' is the best to take before confinement, or at least it proved so with me. I never suffered so little with any of my children as I did with my last."

DYSPEPSIA

and "how to lose it." Our booklet will interest you—and you're a dyspeptic. MAILED FREE for the asking. If you're a dyspeptic. WEART & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

HOMES IN THE SOUTH.

Good farms; fine climate; low prices; easy terms. Address D. H. ROGAN, Colonization Agent Q. & C. R. R., BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

TEACHERS desiring positions for the coming year can hear of them. AMERICAN TEACHERS' BUREAU, R. 67, 3413 State St., Chicago.

HIGHEST AWARD

WORLD'S FAIR. **IMPERIAL GRANUM** IS **THE BEST** PREPARED **FOOD** SOLD EVERYWHERE. JOHN CARLE & SONS, New York.

Beecham's pills are for biliousness, sick headache, dizziness, dyspepsia, bad taste in the mouth, heartburn, torpid liver, foul breath, sallow skin, coated tongue, pimples, loss of appetite, etc., when caused by constipation; and constipation is the most frequent cause of all of them.

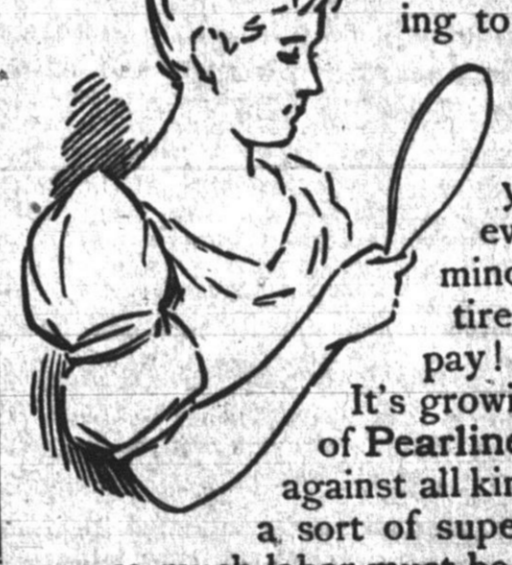
One of the most important things for everybody to learn is that constipation causes more than half the sickness in the world, especially of women; and it can all be prevented. Go by the book, free at your druggist's, or write B. F. Allen Co., 365 Canal St., New York. Pills, 10¢ and 25¢ a box. Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

THE CLARK SYNDICATE COMPANIES' FARMINGLANDS WESTERN FLORIDA

MANHATTAN BLDG. 315 DEARBORN ST. CHICAGO. A ten acre fruit or vegetable farm on a Trunk Line Railroad, from \$5 to \$10 per acre—\$5 cash and 50 cents or one dollar per week, payable weekly or monthly. No taxes, no interest, until paid for; equally favorable terms on larger farms. Every man can have a home paid for in less than two years. The Garden Spot of the World. Three Crops a Year. These lands will grow all kinds of fruits and vegetables. For healthfulness, mildness and equability of climate, nearness to market, schools, churches and other needs of advanced civilization, these lands are unequalled. Send for printed matter, or call.

PATENTS

Thomas F. Simpson, Washington, D. C. No slip's fee usual Patent obtained. Write for Inventor's Guide.



Nothing to complain of—the woman who uses Pearline. Nothing to complain of in the washing and cleaning line, anyway. And certainly the proprietors of Pearline can't complain. If you only knew how many women, every day, are making up their minds that the old, wearing, tearing, tiresome way of washing doesn't pay!

It's growing bigger than ever—the success of Pearline; though it has to fight not only against all kinds of poor imitations, but against a sort of superstition that anything which can save so much labor must be harmful in some way.

Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled; if your grocer sends you an imitation, be honest—send it back.

Beware

WHEN YOU WANT TO LOOK ON THE BRIGHT SIDE OF THINGS, USE

SAPOLIO

BEST IN THE WORLD. **RISEING SUN STOVE POLISH** For durability and for cheapness this preparation is truly unrivalled. THE SUN PASTE POLISH for a quick after-dinner shine, applied and polished with a cloth. **Woolrich & Co., Canton, Mass., U. S. A.**

RIDGE'S FOOD

THE BABY'S LIFE depends on the food it gets. Insufficient nourishment is the cause of much of the fatality among infants. Improper food brings on indigestion. If the food is right the digestion will be good, and "Ridge's Food" is the best. There is nothing "just as good" or "nearly as good." It is the best in the whole world. Have you a baby? Its life depends upon how it is fed. Sold by Druggists. 35c up to \$1.75. **WOOLRICH & CO., PALMER, MASS.**



COOP BUILDING PLAN ASSN ARCHITECTS N.Y. **300 FOR \$3** This week, on receipt of \$3.00, we will send, prepaid, the latest designs of "Shoppell's Modern Houses," photographic views, floor plans, accurate estimates to build, etc. Fully describing and illustrating 300 NEW Building Designs. Returnable if not satisfactory. Address The Co-Operative Building Plan Association, Architects, 168 Fulton St., N. Y.

DROPSY TREATED FREE

Positively CURED with Vegetable Remedies. Have cured many thousands cases pronounced hopeless. From first dose symptoms rapidly disappear, and in ten days at least two-thirds of all symptoms are removed. BOOK of testimonials of unscrupulous cures sent FREE. Ten Days Treatment Furnished Free by Mail. DR. H. J. GREEN & SONS SPECIALISTS ATLANTA, GEORGIA. G. N. U. No. 23-95

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please say you saw the advertisement in this paper.

Nothing to complain of—the woman who uses Pearline. Nothing to complain of in the washing and cleaning line, anyway. And certainly the proprietors of Pearline can't complain. If you only knew how many women, every day, are making up their minds that the old, wearing, tearing, tiresome way of washing doesn't pay! It's growing bigger than ever—the success of Pearline; though it has to fight not only against all kinds of poor imitations, but against a sort of superstition that anything which can save so much labor must be harmful in some way. Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled; if your grocer sends you an imitation, be honest—send it back. 490 **JAMES PYLE, New York.**

SANTA CLAUS SOAP

Says it saves time—saves money—makes overwork unnecessary. Tell your wife about it. Your grocer sells it. Made only by **The N. K. Fairbank Company, Chicago.**



THE CHELSEA STANDARD

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the basement of the Turnbull & Wilkinson block, Chelsea, Mich.
BY O. T. HOOVER.
 Terms:—\$1.00 per year in advance.
 Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.
 Entered at the postoffice at Chelsea, Mich., as second-class matter.

CHELSEA, THURSDAY, JUNE 6, 1895.

PERSONAL.

Schuyler Foster spent Sunday at Fishville.
 Mrs. Geo. BeGole is visiting friends in Decatur.
 Wm. Judson of Ann Arbor was in town Thursday.
 Letta Ward spent Sunday with friends in Sallie.
 Mrs. Henry Speer is visiting her son in Battle Creek.
 Mr. and Mrs. DeLancy Cooper are visiting friends in Ohio.
 H. S. Holmes is spending a few days at Detroit and Northville.
 Miss Nellie Congdon spent Sunday with her sister in Ypsilanti.
 Miss Jessie Merrill spent Sunday with her parents in Ann Arbor.
 Geo. Bohnet of Lansing spent Sunday with friends in this vicinity.
 Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Allen of Fishville spent Thursday at this place.
 George Woods of Ann Arbor was in town the latter part of last week.
 Mrs. Chas. Stimson spent the latter part of last week with friends in Detroit.
 Miss Florence Carpenter spent Sunday last with her parents in Kalamazoo.
 Mrs. Wm. Hamilton is spending this week in Grass Lake and Leoni with friends.
 Miss Gage of Kalamazoo was entertained by Miss Florence Carpenter, Friday.
 Miss May Judson of Lansing was entertained by Miss Minnie Vogel last Thursday.
 Miss Effa Armstrong spent the latter part of last week with friends in Ypsilanti.
 Misses Ella Montague and Edith Boyd spent Sunday with friends in Unadilla.
 Mrs. Aaron Durand of Battle Creek has been visiting friends at this place this week.
 Dr. H. W. Schmidt is attending a meeting of the State Medical society at Bay City.
 Mrs. Hattie Winslow of Charlotte has been the guest of Miss Olive Conklin this week.
 Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Munro spent part of last week with Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Canfield.
 Rev. Horace Palmer of Adrian was entertained by Rev. and Mrs. C. L. Adams Sunday.
 Miss Cora Bowen who is attending school at Ypsilanti, spent Sunday with her parents.
 Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Fuller of Battle Creek have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Fuller.
 Miss Nellie Hall has returned home from Grand Rapids where she has been spending several weeks.
 Miss Alma Guthrie of Kalamazoo has been spending the past two weeks with friends at this place.
 Mrs. Stabler and daughters Emma and Edith, spent the first of this week with relatives in Ann Arbor.
 Miss Edith Avery who has been spending several months at this place has gone to her home in Sumner.
 Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Morton and son Ward of Ann Arbor were the guest of friends at this place Thursday.
 Mrs. Chas. Whitaker who has been visiting her son at this place has returned to her home at Ann Arbor.
 Stephen Chase who has been attending school at Kalamazoo, is spending a short time with his parents at this place.
 Miss Bertha Ferris, who has been spending a few days with Mrs. E. S. Prudden, has returned to her home in Dexter.
 Prof. Geo. Rebec, Instructor in Philosophy in the University, was in town over Sunday as the guest of Rev. W. H. Walker.
 Miss Nellie Noyes who has been spending the past year in Grand Rapids and Niles, has returned to her home at this place.

Mrs. H. W. Schmidt entertained Miss Harriet Cambell of Hanover, N. H., Mrs. Fred Gage and Miss Lois Harriman of Ann Arbor Tuesday.

Master Lloyd Osborne who has been spending several weeks with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Noyes has returned to his home in Niles.

Farmers, Take Notice.

Whereas I, Mortimer Yakely of Lima, Washtenaw county, Michigan, did obtain Letters Patent of the United States for new and useful improvements in wire farm fences and whereas I have ascertained that two or three different parties that have been building what is known as the Buchanan wire fence, have intruded on my patent by using a top and bottom barbed wire, or either using one or both and have connected the barbed wires with their tightening devices and have allowed free movement through the small staples at the post in order that the barbed wires may be tightened or let out the same as the intermediate plain wires which also have free movement through the staples at the posts and through holes or slots in the cross stays, each wire independent of the other. I do hereby give notice to the people that a wire fence constructed with a top and bottom barbed wire either using one or both and intermediate plain wires and each wire free to be tightened or let out independent of the others or of the cross stays, is a direct infringement on my patent in wire fences as specified in my patent, the top barbed wire prevents horses from reaching over and shoving against or pressing down on the fence, the bottom barbed wire prevents hogs from raising the fence up and crawling under it, the above combination is fully covered by Letters Patent, and all people are hereby notified to be aware of the fact as all infringement of my rights will be strictly prosecuted.

M. YAKELY, Patentee.

Having sold out my grocery stock, and wishing to close up all accounts as soon as possible I would ask all persons owing me to call at the old store and settle at once and oblige.

Geo. Blaich.

Sometime ago I was troubled with an attack of rheumatism. I used Chamberlain's Pain Balm and was completely cured. I have since advised many of my friends and customers to try the remedy and all speak highly of it. Simon Goldbaum, San Luis Rey, Cal. For sale at the Bank Drug Store.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of headache, Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation, Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only fifty cents at F. P. Glazier & Co.

I have two little grandchildren who are teething this hot summer weather and are troubled with bowel complaint I gave them Chamberlain's Colic, cholera and diarrhoea remedy and it acts like a charm. I earnestly recommend it for children with bowel troubles. I was myself taken with a severe attack of bloody flux, with cramps and pains in my stomach, one-third of a bottle of this remedy cured me. Within twenty-four hours I was out of bed and doing my housework. Mrs. W. L. Dunagan, Bonaqua, Hickman county, Tenn. For sale by F. P. Glazier & Co.

CURES DR. MERIT ALL BLOOD MIXTURES MAKES IT FAMOUS DISEASES C. & S. S. FOR THE BLOOD SO PLEASE THE DR. MIXER ANT TO BEST HASTINGS. THE TASTE MICH. ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR IT.

Spring and Summer MILLINERY

New Importations
 New Shapes
 New Styles
 Latest Novelties.

Prices were never cheaper than now. We know you cannot do better for price, style and quality than at our parlors. Call and see if we are not right.

ELLA M. CRAIG.
 Over Holmes' Store.

M. C. R. R. Excursions.
 Sunday School rally, Mason, Mich. A rate of one and one-third fare for round trip has been made. Sale of tickets June 14th. Good to return June 15th.

Race meeting, Albion, Mich., Excursion tickets at rate of one and one third fare for round trip. Date of sale, June 11, 12 and 13. Good to return June 14th.

Special excursion via M. C. R. R. and the Star Cole line steamers to Port Huron, Saturday, June 8th. Rate \$1.60 for adults and 80 cents for children, for round trip.

Potatoes for Planting
 Early Freeman Potatoes from seed grown by Professor T. B. Terry the noted agriculture author and potato grower of Ohio. Also the famous early Polaris potatoes for sale by H. L. Wood, Chelsea.

The Discovery Saved His Life.
 E. G. Gallotte, druggist, Beaver-ville Ill., says; 'To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with a grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store and I sent for a bottle and begin its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it. Get a free trial at Bank Drug Store.'

We cut the best sole leather and do the neatest job for the least money.
 L. TICHEGOR,
 Basement of Eppler's meat market.

My 50c tea is a winner. Try a pound.
 R. A. Snyder.

Laundried shirts for 49c at R. A. Snyder's.

If you want a good cup of tea or coffee, sample the brands we are selling at the Bank Drug Store. You can pay more money for them but you can't buy goods that will please you any better.

Is Marriage a Failure?
 Have you been trying to get the best out of existence without health in your family? Have you been wearing out your life from the effects of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint and Indigestion? Are you sleepless at night? Do you awake in the morning feeling languid, with coated tongue and sallow, haggard looks? Don't do it. A shout in the camp tells how Bacon's Celery King has cured others; it will cure you. Trial package free. Large sizes 50c and 25c at Bank Drug Store.

"Many of the citizens of Rainsville, Indiana are never without a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in the house," says Jacob Brow, the leading merchant of the place. This remedy has proven of so much value for colds, croup and whooping cough in children that few mothers who know its worth are willing to be without it. For sale at the Bank Drug store.

Shortsightedness.
 To waste your money on vile, dirty, watery mixtures, compounded by inexperienced persons, when you have the opportunity of testing Otto's Cure free of charge. Why will you continue to irritate your throat and lungs with that terrible hacking cough when Bank Drug Store will furnish you a free sample bottle of this great guaranteed remedy? Hold a bottle of Otto's Cure to the light and observe its beautiful golden color and thick heavy syrup. Largest packages and purest goods. Large bottles 50c and 25c.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment
 Is unequalled for Eczema, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Nipples, Chapped Hands, Itching Piles, Burns, Frost Bites, Chronic Sore Eyes and Granulated Eye Lids. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

TO HORSE OWNERS.
 For putting a horse in a fine healthy condition try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders. They tone up the system, aid digestion, cure loss of appetite, relieve constipation, correct kidney disorders and destroy worms, giving new life to an old or over-worked horse. 25 cents per package. For sale by druggists.

HATS! HATS!

Children's ready trimmed hats
98c
 Ladies' trimmed hats,
\$1.50 to \$2.00

Call and see them at
Mrs. F. M. Hooker's
 McKune block, upstairs.

Wanted

We want to give you a position along with the rest of our customers and will do your laundry work in the best possible manner and at the lowest prices for good work. We would like to add

50
 new customers to our list this week from Chelsea and vicinity. We employ nothing but experienced help in every department and are doing work for

Men

in large cities who are well pleased and why can't we satisfy you? We have located here for business and urge that you give our work a trial, when we will satisfy you or charge you nothing.
 CHELSEA STEAM LAUNDRY,
 S. A. Mapes, Prop.

IF YOU WOULD BE

Happy

Be careful what you eat. There's a theory afloat that low grade food makes a low grade man. It may not be true. Still, owners of fine horses are particular about the feed—and man is just another kind of animal. It is just as well to be on the safe side and buy groceries of

R. A. Snyder.

- JUST LOOK!**
- Two packages yeast cakes 4c
 - 6 lbs Butter Crax 25c
 - Good canned corn 6c
 - Good can peaches 10c
 - 6 cans sardines 25c
 - Shaving soap 2c
 - 7 bars good laundry soap 25c
 - Come and get a sample of our sun cured Japan Tea
 - We have a good tea for 30c
 - Try our 19c coffee
 - Best coffee in town for 28c
 - A good fine-cut tobacco 25c
 - "The Earth" for 15c
 - Tooth picks per box 5c
 - A good syrup for 19c
 - Best line of candies in town
 - Try a sack of our Gold Medal Flour
 - B st Spring Wheat Patent Flour.
 - Call and see our 49c-laundried shirts, white or colored, modern styles
 - Our line of work shirts can't be beat.
 - Our \$1.50 men's shoe is a hummer
 - We have the best line of neckwear to be found at 25c
 - 15c handkerchiefs for 10c
 - Good handkerchief for 6c
 - Ladies' hose 10, 15 and 25c
 - Headquarters for all kinds of produce
- R. A. SNYDER.**

NEW SPRING MILLINER

I am prepared to show full line of all the latest styles in millinery.

Mrs. J. Staffan
 MISS WALLACE,
 DRESSMAKER,
 Rooms upstairs in McKune Block
 Chelsea, Mich.

ALWAYS THE BEST AND CHEAPEST

- 10 bars laundry soap 25c
- A. H. soda 6c per lb.
- 2 pkg Yeast Foam 5c
- Best tea in Chelsea 50c
- Best tea dust 12c
- Bottle olives 10c
- Bottle pickles (all kinds) 10c
- Smoking tobacco 16c

J. S. CUMMINGS

CENTRAL MEAT MARKET

The best of everything in the meat line is kept at the Central Market

All kinds of Sausages.

Give me a call.
ADAM EPPLER
 Geo. H. Foster,

AUCTIONEER

Satisfaction Guaranteed.
 Terms Reasonable.
 Headquarters at Standard Office
REAL ESTATE FOR SALE
 I have five houses and lots for sale.
GOOD LOCATIONS. MEDIUM PRICES
 and on easy terms.
B. PARKER,
 Real Estate Agent
 Now is the time to renew your subscription to the Standard.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Born, Thursday, May 30, 1895, to Mr. and Mrs. George McClain, a son.

Born, Saturday, June 1, 1895, to Mr. and Mrs. William Schnaitman, a son.

The Class of '96 expect to entertain the class of '95 at North Lake next Saturday.

Miss Leora Laird who has been quite ill with congestion of the lungs, is improving.

Hon. H. Wirt Newkirk of Dexter will deliver the address at the Maccabee celebration at Jackson Tuesday.

Rev. Horace Palmer, a member of the Detroit conference, preached in the M. E. church last Sunday morning.

Miss Edith D. Noyes very pleasantly entertained about twenty young people at Cavanaugh Lake last Thursday evening.

Tomnie Wilkinson was pleasantly surprised Wednesday evening by about forty of his young friends putting in an appearance at his home.

Rev. W. H. Walker delivered three lectures at Flint last week. The papers there gave him a number of excellent notices of the lectures.

The time is approaching when the "sweet girl graduate" will be much in evidence. At present she is wrestling with essays and dressmakers.

Geo. Jackson who has been working at the stove works for some time, removed his family to Jackson Monday, where they intend making their home.

Every Friday evening when the weather is not too hot, there is a class in Indian clubs at the Gymnasium. It is meant for beginners, so that no one need hesitate to come.

Philip Seitz stumbled and fell upon a barbed wire, about two weeks ago, injuring his knee quite badly. The knee is still swollen to an enormous size and causes him considerable pain.

Little Hazel Lane had the misfortune to have a window fall upon her foot, Sunday morning. Quite a little time elapsed before the window could be raised and the little sufferer released.

By order of Bishop Foley, a collection for the pope, the Head of the Catholic church, will be taken up in all the Catholic churches of the Diocese of Detroit, next Sunday, June 9, 1895.

A party of young people enjoyed (?) a lumber wagon ride to Cavanaugh one evening last week. When out of town about a mile one the girls was heard to ask, "Don't lumber wagons have springs?"

There is a man in Eaton Rapids who was not satisfied with the appointment of the present postmaster at the time the appointment was made and he then stated that he would never enter the postoffice so long as the new post master held the office, and he has kept his word so far.

The services at the Congregational church next Sunday will be appropriate to Children's Day. In the morning the rite of infant baptism will be celebrated. Parents who wish their children baptised will please notify the pastor. The Children's Day exercises of the Sunday School will be held in the evening.

Tuesday evening, June 11, the Ladies Society of the Lutheran church intends to give a lawn social at the residence of Geo. Wackebhut. Rev. Haag, former pastor of the church, on his trip to the annual conference at Jackson, will stop here for one day and it is in his honor that the social will be given.

The services in St. Mary's church, Chelsea, during the months of June, July, August and September will be as follows: On Sundays, low mass at 7:30 a. m., high mass at 9:30 a. m. Evening prayers with benediction at 7:30 p. m. On week days, mass will be celebrated at 7 a. m. except on the first Friday of each month, when it will be celebrated at 7:30 a. m.

The reflection that was seen in the western sky about 11 o'clock Tuesday night, was caused by the burning of the Collins cart factory at Jackson.

The new street lights were tried for the first time Saturday night. They light up the streets in fine shape and the people are well pleased with them.

Children's Day will be observed at the M. E. church next Sunday, June 9th. At 10:30 a. m., the pastor will preach to the children and all are invited to take the front seats. At 7:30 in the evening the exercises will be in charge of the Sunday school. An excellent program, "The Golden Gate" is being prepared by members of the school. This ought to be the glad day of all the year for the children.

The question often comes up, how fast is a bicycle going? If the rider revolves his pedals once in a second you may be sure that he is riding faster than eight miles an hour. If his bicycle is geared at 60, one revolution a second will carry him 10 3-4 miles an hour; if at 63, his speed is half a mile faster; at 66 it is 12 3-4 miles; at 72 it is almost 18 1/2. One revolution a second is, therefore, faster than the rider of a 60 gear can legally travel. It will be advisable for riders to test these figures for themselves and then they will no longer be under a false impression as to whether spectators know how fast they are riding.—Ex.

Judge Kinne yesterday refused to grant a mandamus to August Steger of this place, to compel reinstatement in the German Workingmen's Benevolent Society. The case is of some interest inasmuch as it concerns the right to legal redress that an expelled member of a society has. Steger had been expelled from the Chelsea society on the ground that he had misrepresented his age. Steger's defense was that the error was clerical and he was not to blame. Judge Kinne denied the request for mandamus on the ground that the remedy of the relator was an appeal to a higher body of the society. There being no higher body, Steger has no redress. While the Chelsea society is a member of the general arbeiter bund, that body cannot compel reinstatement.

Notice.
The members of Columbian Hive, No. 284, L. O. T. M. are requested to meet at the Maccabee hall next Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock in order to attend the Memorial services at the Town Hall in a body.
MARY BOYD, Com.

Notice.
Rev. C. L. Adams will preach a memorial sermon to the Maccabees of Chelsea and vicinity at Town Hall, Sunday, June 9th at 8 p. m. At conclusion of services Chelsea Tent will march to cemetery for the purpose of decorating the graves of departed brothers. All members of the order are requested to meet at K. O. T. M. hall at 2:30 sharp in readiness to attend the services in a body.
JAS. W. SPEER, Com.

K. O. T. M. Excursion.
Chelsea Tent, No. 281, K. O. T. M. will give an excursion to Jackson by special train, Tuesday, June 11th. One fare for round trip. Children under 12 years one half fare. Special train will leave Chelsea at 8:30 a. m., Francisco at 8:43, and Grass Lake at 8:50. Returning leave Jackson at 8 p. m., sharp. Everybody invited. Tickets good only on special train.

A Maladourous Trust.
The manufacturers of cigarettes are forming a trust to monopolize and control the output and price of this offensive commodity throughout the United States and Canada. It has a capitalized company of \$35,000,000, with a paid up fund of perhaps one-fifth of that sum, but it must declare a good percent of dividend on the \$35,000,000 of stock. Its dividend is represented at 8 per cent—besides its reserved funds, undivided profits, salaries and other items, representing at least a dividend of 40 percent on the invested capital.

The habit of cigarette smoking is increasing to an alarming extent. Its deleterious effects, its baneful influence have impelled several state legis-

latures to restrict the manufacture and sale of the deadly stuff. Every state legislature should pass stringent laws against it as a menace to the health of the young. Its disastrous effects have been demonstrated in numerous instances. What frauds are resorted to in the composition of the cigarette, which is supposed to be manufactured from tobacco, the public do not know. But they do know that there is death in the cigarette.

Nicotine, an alkaloid, obtained from tobacco, is a deadly poison. In smoking a cigar the most of this nicotine is drawn toward the "stump" of the cigar and remains in the dampened tobacco. This "stump" is thrown away, on the street ordinarily. It is asserted that in large cities boys gather these "stumps" and they are bought up and manufactured into cigarettes, with other ingredients in the composition. If this true, it can readily be seen how dangerous the smoking of these loosely rolled cigarettes becomes—the smoker absorbing the concentrated nicotine. The cigarette is an abomination, its use should be tabooed.
—Ypsilanti Commercial.

Unsettled.
C. Hill and wife of Mulliken are visiting at Will Hill's.

Miss Allie Palmer of Stockbridge, is spending a few days with relatives here.

Most of the farmers in this vicinity have had to plant their corn again.

C. Hudson and A. Reed of Stockbridge visited friends in this vicinity Sunday.

Children's Day exercises will be held next Sunday evening in the M. E. church.

A number of fishermen from White Oak were camping on Joslin and South Lake last week.

There will be a picnic supper held Thursday, June 5th, at the residence of Mrs. Watts for the benefit of the M. E. church.

A house and four acres of land in Chelsea village, also village lots for sale. Apply to D. B. Taylor.

HAVING purchased Mr. Geo. Blaich's grocery and crockery stock and rented the store occupied by the same for a term of years, I am prepared to sell you any article belonging to a first class grocery store

We propose to buy the best of everything, believing that the majority of people want the best and are not satisfied with any thing else. Our efforts will be directed toward keeping everything fresh and clean, preferring to throw away, rather than sell stale goods.

The genial and good natured Sam Guerin will continue to wait upon the city trade with a prompt delivery.

Thanking all for past patronage and soliciting a share of your future trade, I am at your service,

L. T. Freeman.

For the Children.

Clothing at the lowest prices you ever heard tell of. Better fitting goods and handsomer styles than we have ever shown. A large assortment to select from.

We have the little Reefer suits and Junior suits for boys. The correct thing for little fellows from age 3 to 8.

Two weeks longer

The great bargain sale of men's clothing. Never sold so much clothing, never sold clothing so cheap. Hundreds of men's reglarr \$12, \$14, and \$16 suits at \$10 and \$12.

We have put the knife into all odds and ends and closing them out at not over one-half former prices. Only one or two suits of a kind. If you can get fitted, you simply cannot resist buying. If honest goods and square dealing cut any figure, we can please you. Try us.

W. P. SCHENK & CO.

And Still Our Trade Increases

It must be the quality, good clothes are always by intention, never by accident

GEO. WEBSTER.

We Have Something to Offer

We have something special to offer on 1,000 pound Platform Scales, Buggies, Lehr, Albion and Ohio Cultivators, Window and Door Screens, Refrigerators, Gasoline Stoves from \$3 to \$25. Ice Cream Freezers, a good Lawn Mower for \$2.99, Hammocks and Croquet Sets, one horse corn cultivators from \$3 to \$6.

Hoag & Holmes.

Remember our special Furniture Sale.



CULTIVATORS

Try the Krause and you will have no other. It works on pivot axles. Any boy can work it. All the shovels can be lifted or dropped with one hand without interfering with the progress of the team. It will cultivate, harrow, cover ridge, mark rows and dig potatoes with half the labor and more than double the speed of any hand cultivator made. All during June, Furniture will be greatly reduced in price.

W. J. KNAPP.

SPAIN IS RELENTLESS

WILL CRUSH THE CUBANS AT ANY COST.

Gresham Buried with Civic and Military Pomp—Indianapolis Terrorized by a Liberated Lunatic—No National Miners' Strike—Formosa Rebels.

To Crush the Rebels.

Captain General Martinez de Campos has assured the newspapers of the province of Puerto Principe, Cuba, that the Government will contribute the sum of \$500,000 per month for the construction of a railroad between Puerto Principe, the capital of that province, and the port of Santa Cruz, on the western coast of Cuba. The Government has determined to undertake this work in order to employ to about 700 laborers, in the fact that it is determined to send the war soon, even if it is necessary to send more troops from Spain for that purpose.

Chicago's Tribute to Gresham.

With flags at half-mast throughout the city, with most impressive civic and military pomp, Chicago has interred the nation's dead. The remains of Walter Q. Gresham rest in a vault at Oakwoods cemetery, there to remain until a final burial place is chosen. All along the route from Washington the funeral train was greeted by sorrowing thousands. No stop was made except for fuel and water. The train was met by an infantry regiment from Fort Sheridan and the various representative bodies and organizations. In a hearse drawn by six horses the body was conveyed to Oakwoods. A salute of thirteen guns signaled the approach of the cortege to the cemetery gates, and, wrapped in a United States flag, with the President of the nation and his advisers, with the representatives of foreign nations, and with the high officials of State and city at the tomb, the body was laid at rest.

Tortures His Helpless Wife.

Mrs. Annie Lounigan, of Brooklyn, is lying in St. Peter's Hospital suffering from burns and bruises, while her husband, John Lounigan, occupies a cell in the police station charged with inflicting the injuries which will in all probability result in her death. From the statement which the woman made at the hospital it appears that her husband, after beating her severely, set fire to her clothing. Her face and body are in a terrible condition from the burns. Notwithstanding this, however, she would not at first disclose the name of her assailant. When she was told that death was imminent she gave the evidence against her husband, who was at once arrested. His only statement was that he had been too drunk to recollect anything that had occurred.

Rebelle Against China.

A special dispatch to the Pall Mall Gazette from its correspondent at Shanghai says that alarming rumors are current at Shanghai. It is stated that a renewal of hostilities is imminent. The viceroy of Formosa is said to have rebelled against the Government of Peking. The Japanese ships are reported to have been cleared for action, and the French ships at Tamsui, Formosa, are also said to have been prepared for fighting. In addition, rumors of Russian intervention are current at Shanghai, and steamers have been ordered to Tien-Tsin with provisions in view of the probability of Russian hostility.

Dangerous Lunatic at Large.

John Welsh, sent from Morgan County, Ind., to the central hospital for the insane, made his escape by letting himself down from a fourth-story window by a rope and is terrorizing the country neighborhoods west of the institution. He escaped in an almost nude condition, and appeared at several farm houses and frightened the women nearly to death. Efforts were made to capture him, but he fought like a demon and succeeded in making his escape. He is 50 years of age and became demented over religion. The authorities are fearful that he will commit murder before he can be taken.

The Ohio Ticket.

The following is the complete ticket nominated by the Ohio Republican State convention at Zanesville: Governor, Asa S. Bushnell; Lieutenant Governor, Asa W. Jones; Auditor of State, W. D. Guilbert; Supreme Judge, Thaddeus A. Minshall; Clerk of Supreme Court, Josiah B. Allen; Attorney General, Frank S. Monnett; State Treasurer, Samuel R. Campbell; Board of Public Works, E. L. Lybarger.

BREVITIES.

The Duke of Orleans, head of the royal house of France, has so far recovered from the injuries which he received while out hunting as to be able to leave Seville for London.

South Carolina excursionists to Tallahassee, Ga., engaged in a riot, and the town marshal's throat was cut, the sheriff had his throat gashed and a deputy was seriously injured. At Cornelia a posse ran the rioters into a swamp and captured four of them. They are now in jail at Clarksville. The sheriff of the county remained on the train and was shot at several times. The rioters were drinking.

EASTERN.

The recent trolley strike at Brooklyn cost the Knights of Labor Assembly \$13,750.

Hasey McMillen, alias Mrs. Mack, is now in prison in Buffalo, where she will be tried for forgery. It is possible the United States courts will not consider counterfeiting stamps a forgery, and Mrs. Mack cannot be tried on any other charge than that upon which she was extradited.

A stranger giving the name of Lampton tried to buy a farm of Assessor Andrew Page, of Alexander, N. Y., and during the deal a third man came on the scene with the three-card monte game, in which all took part. Page finally got possession of \$5,000 of their money, but was forced to return it at the point of a revolver.

Levi Paddock, aged 84, was married under romantic circumstances at Rochester, N. Y. He arrived at Niagara Falls at midnight Thursday, and at break of day applied to the police station for the Mayor. Upon Mayor Cutler's arrival the octogenarian was united in marriage to a young woman named Ethel E. Clark, of Wheeling, W. Va. Paddock has been a number of years a widower and said he always intended to remain so until he met Miss Clark. "Life would be miserable without her," he said. The old man gave his bride a rich gift of lands. He has a daughter old enough to be his present wife's mother.

The miners of the Pittsburg district have practically given up the strike for 60 cents per ton, and will go back to work at the operators' terms of 60 cents. The strike will not be declared off, but will be allowed to die a natural death and the strikers will try to get their old places back. This is upon the statement of some of the district officials. The fight will be kept up, however, against the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal Company, and the Pittsburg and Chicago Gas Coal Company, who have their men under contract for eight months at from 45 to 60 cents per ton. All the mines on the Panhandle Railroad resumed and a general resumption is expected.

Frederick W. Burns, of the Varuna Boat Club of Brooklyn, has been in correspondence with Vice-President Frank Thomson, of the Pennsylvania Railroad, in the interest of Charles Murphy, the crack New York bicyclist. Burns and a number of bicycling enthusiasts are of opinion that Murphy, paced by a locomotive, can ride a mile on his wheel in a minute. Vice-President Thomson has been asked to grant permission to Murphy's friends for a public trial on any of the divisions of the Pennsylvania Railroad, the New York division preferred, allowing one of the railroad's fast locomotives to pace the rider. The idea is to lay a board track on which Murphy will propel his wheel following in the wake of the locomotive. He is confident of his ability to accomplish the feat.

WESTERN.

The Nevada Supreme Court has sustained the decision of the District Court in the case of Mrs. Hartley, who killed State Senator M. D. Foley, in her studio at Reno, and who was sentenced to eleven years' imprisonment.

Peter Barr and Jim Stewart, under arrest at Leadville, Colo., are believed to be two of the men who recently robbed the Wells-Fargo express office at Cripple Creek. The third man is supposed to be Jimmy McDonald, who shot Detective Moore in Denver.

At Defiance, O., the plant of the Light and Power Company burned; loss, \$10,000. At Huron, S. D., C. D. Houghton's stables burned, with many valuable horses; loss not known. At Gosport, Ind., Park Hotel, owned by Mrs. A. A. Rogers, burned; loss, \$10,000; insurance, \$3,000.

Indian Agent Beck has commenced the ejection of settlers occupying the lands of the Flournoy company, on the Winnebago reservation. O. E. Anderson, Peter Bloome and William Berg, residing in the vicinity of Wakefield, Neb., were removed by sixteen Indian police. Capt. Beck has served notice that other settlers must go.

Twelve men were injured and one killed at Alpine tunnel, near Denver, Colo., Friday evening. The tunnel had been closed for five years until Friday. The first car through, in descending the steep grade on the eastern side became unmanageable. The passengers and crew jumped for their lives. Charles Michaelson was killed and twelve others were injured.

John Carey, of Chicago, confessed his connection with the murder of Police Officer Duddles on the night of Jan. 3 last. His statement exposes John Roach as the actual murderer, with William Magee and Carey as his accomplices in the felonious act of burglary which preceded the murder and from which the murder was a reasonable and anticipated consequence.

Catholic missionary workers at Cleveland, Ohio, are about to start a Salvation Army movement, except that some of the old features of the Salvation Army will be omitted. The missionaries have the indorsement of Bishop Horstmann of that diocese to the plan of street work, and meetings will soon be begun on the street corners and curbs. A national organization will be formed, and the work extended to all the great cities of the country.

By a sudden death that occurred at Denver, Colo., an imposture practiced for weeks upon army officers there has been exposed. The man who died said he was Lieut. Lacey of the Seventeenth United States Infantry. His record during the last two weeks was such as to exclude him from the army set at Fort Logan. Papers found in his room now prove he was a member of the Seventeenth merely as a private, who was discharged before the regiment was changed from Fort Russell, Wyo., to Columbus, O.

George B. Gallon, a bookkeeper in the office of the auditor of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad Company in Topeka, Kan., an Englishman, in a hasty moment referred to the American flag as a "dirty rag," and made other uncompromising remarks about the national colors. His utterances were made the subject of a warm discussion in Lincoln Post, G. A. R., and resolutions were adopted requesting the receivers of the railroad

company to discharge him. Copies of the resolutions were sent to George R. Peck, general solicitor of the company, and to each of the receivers.

C. W. Winthrop, assistant superintendent of Laurel Hill Cemetery, San Francisco, was arrested in connection with the mysterious death of Mrs. Jennie Matthews last Saturday. Mrs. Matthews died very suddenly while decorating the grave of her child. Her little daughter, by whom she was accompanied, said Winthrop gave her mother a pill, but he denied this statement. A chemical analysis of the woman's stomach, however, developed the fact that it contained strychnine. Evidence is said to have been found now that Mrs. Matthews had her life insured for \$2,000 a few days before her death, and that Winthrop is depicted in the policy to hold the money in trust for her daughter, Minnie, a child of 5 years.

Among the many exciting scenes of the "Cotton King," which is now being presented at McVicker's Chicago theater by Mr. W. A. Brady's company, there is a bit of character acting that stands out like a silhouette. Shillinglaw, a discharged employe of the hero's, is made a tool by the villain, only to the extent, however, to satisfy his feeling for revenge for having been discharged. He is almost crazed with hunger and with the sufferings of his wife and child, who are sick with a contagious disease. The villain offers the poor mechanic a large sum of money to let the heroine nurse the sick woman so that she might catch the malady. The acting of Mr. Gus Reynolds, in the character of Shillinglaw, is simply marvelous when the heroine offers to nurse his wife and child. There are other scenes in the "Cotton King" equally well acted, and one or two mechanical scenes just as thrilling. The cotton mill scene in the fourth act is one of unusual interest. The mill is in full operation, calico is being turned out by the yards, the elevator which is used to carry the bales of cotton from one floor to another is seen going up and down, and under this elevator the villain throws the heroine.

SOUTHERN.

Capitalists of Alabama have formed a \$100,000 company to mine gold along Santa Creek.

Bill Fields, a mule driver, and Neal Brandie, a miner, were killed in a mine accident at Birmingham, Ala.

The Jefferson County grand jury at Louisville, Ky., has refused to indict Fulton Gordon for the double killing of his wife and Arch Brown.

Mrs. Victoria Machen, widow of United States Senator Willis B. Machen, committed suicide at the residence of her sister, Louisville, Ky. Her health had been bad and suffering had unbalanced her mind. Senator Machen was appointed by Gov. Leslie and served one term.

The seventh annual session of the Scotch-Irish Society of America will be held in Lexington, Va., commencing June 20, with President Robert Bonner, of New York, presiding. The congress will be composed of representatives from the local Scotch-Irish societies from all sections of the United States and Canada.

WASHINGTON.

Walter Quinton Gresham, Secretary of State, died at Washington of pneumonia Tuesday morning, as the result of a relapse which occurred just after 5 o'clock Monday afternoon. From 6 o'clock until the end came the attending physicians had not a word of hope to offer, and by their only efforts were to fight death by hours, then minutes, then seconds. Powerful restoratives and stimulants were injected hypodermically in the vain hope of preserving life.

The Supreme Court of the United States Monday affirmed the constitutionality of the Geary Chinese exclusion act in the case of Lem Moon Sing, the California Chinaman who left this country and was refused admission. Justice Harlan in the opinion said that the statute intrusted to the collector the power of passing upon the facts in the case. Lem Moon Sing contended that he had acquired a domicile as a citizen of the United States before the passage of the exclusion act. The justice said that if the courts were to review the decisions of the collectors in such cases it would bring great numbers of the cases before the courts and defeat the intention of Congress to have the law enforced by executive officers. The only remedy of the appellant was an appeal to the supreme officer of the collector, the Secretary of the Treasury. Justice Brewer dissented.

The rapid inroads which fishing and packing companies have made upon the supply of salmon in the Alaskan rivers is giving great concern to the Government. It has recently been brought to the attention of Commissioner Lamoreaux, of the general land office, that the salmon companies are acquiring much land at the mouths of the rivers and promoting strategic points of future commerce. Consequently the commissioner has detailed ex-Gov. J. P. Swineford, of Alaska, who is now an inspector of the Interior Department, to make an investigation of the matter. The present Governor of Alaska, in his last report, called attention to the inroads being made upon the salmon and the same subject was treated in a report to the Fifty-second Congress by Fish Commissioner McDonald, who recommended vigorous measures to protect the fish. Dr. Hugh Smith, one of the experts of the fish commission, believes that the extinction of the Alaskan fish is inevitable if the present methods continue unchecked. More than half of the salmon pack of the United States and nearly half of the world's supply now comes from Alaska. The capital invested in these fisheries amounts to more than \$3,000,000, and the value of the season's catch, not including the manufactured products therefrom, comes to about \$2,000,000.

FOREIGN.

Oscar Wilde's lovely locks have been shorn and he is now leveling in a striped suit.

The Russian thistle has gained a firm foothold throughout eastern Colorado.

Thousands of acres are covered with the pest.

Word comes from Constantinople of a disaster from an earthquake in the town of Paramythia, in the province of Epirus, which is a part of Albania. Nearly all the houses in the town were destroyed, and fifty persons were killed and 150 injured.

The Paris Journal des Debats makes a violent attack upon the importation of American lard into France, saying that it is sold as pure lard, defrauds the treasury and customs, injures pig breeding, deceives the consumer and is injurious to health.

The Mexican minister denies that the export duties proposed by Mexico on silver and gold are discriminating against American capital. He says the scheme is to distribute equally between all the silver producers of Mexico the present taxes, which now lie on some classes of miners.

IN GENERAL.

Bigamy in the United States by Canadian citizens is one of the subjects to be grappled with at Toronto by the National Council of Women of Canada under the presidency of its founder, the Countess of Aberdeen. It has lately been decided there that a married person who is a British subject resident in Canada, and who goes to the United States or any place out of Canada and there goes through a form of marriage with another person cannot be convicted in Canada of bigamy. This is the case even when no divorce has been obtained in the United States. The countess and the ladies affiliated with her upon the executive committee of the National Council are bound to have the law amended if possible.

Following is the standing of the clubs of the National Baseball League:

Table with columns: Clubs, Played, Won, Lost, Per cent. Rows include Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago, Cleveland, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston, New York, Brooklyn, St. Louis, Washington, Louisville.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

Following is the standing of the clubs of the Western League:

Table with columns: Clubs, Played, Won, Lost, Per cent. Rows include Indianapolis, Minneapolis, Grand Rapids, Kansas City, Detroit, Toledo, Milwaukee, St. Paul.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: "If wheat has been so greatly injured by the snows and frosts in May that the sudden rise of 12 cents in two weeks is justified, the calamity will affect all business prospects. The markets do not believe it, for stocks do not collapse, iron, leather, and hides still rise, and no holders of wheat would sell at 80 cents, a lower price than had been known at this season for thirty years prior to 1893, if current reports were credited. Some injury has undoubtedly been sustained, but our own dispatches do not show that it is really serious. The temper is to buy, regardless of visible requirements, in the faith that prices are sure to rise. Western receipts of wheat for three weeks have been larger than last year in spite of storms and frosts. But the rise has practically stopped buying for export, as the similar rise did in April, 1884, which was followed by about the lowest prices then ever known. Whether grain has been greatly injured or not, foreign markets will take early occasion to fortify themselves from other sources. The week's sales at New York amounted to 155,000,000 bushels, and accounts of damage by frost and by insects are so mixed up that some traders infer the bugs must wear overcoats."

MARKET REPORTS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.75 to \$6.25; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$4.75; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.50 to \$5.25; wheat, No. 2 red, 77c to 78c; corn, No. 2, 51c to 52c; oats, No. 2, 28c to 29c; rye, No. 2, 65c to 66c; butter, choice creamery, 17c to 18c; eggs, fresh, 11c to 12c; potatoes, car lots, per bushel, 45c to 60c; broom corn, per lb. common growth to fine brush, 4c to 7c.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$6.00; hogs, choice light, \$3.00 to \$4.75; sheep, common to prime, \$2.00 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, 80c to 80½c; corn, No. 1 white, 55c to 55½c; oats, No. 2 white, 34c to 34½c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$6.00; hogs, \$4.00 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 82c to 83c; corn, No. 2, 51c to 52c; oats, No. 2, 29c to 30c; rye, No. 2, 67c to 69c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$6.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.75; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, 84c to 85c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 53c to 54c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 31c to 32c; rye, No. 2, 72c to 74c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.75; hogs, \$4.00 to \$4.75; sheep, \$2.00 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 82c to 83c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 53c to 55c; oats, No. 2 white, 34c to 35c; rye, 66c to 68c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 red, 82c to 83c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 54c to 55c; oats, No. 2 white, 32c to 34c; rye, No. 2, 67c to 69c.

Buffalo—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$6.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$5.00; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.00; wheat, No. 1 hard, 85c to 86c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 59c to 60c; oats, No. 2 white, 36c to 37c.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 spring, 77c to 78c; corn, No. 3, 52c to 53c; oats, No. 2 white, 32c to 33c; barley, No. 2, 50c to 52c; rye, No. 1, 66c to 68c; pork, mess, \$12.50 to \$13.00.

New York—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$6.50; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.00; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 81c to 82c; corn, No. 2, 57c to 58c; oats, No. 2 white, 36c to 37c; butter, creamery, 13c to 20c; eggs, Western, 12c to 14c.

FOR BETTER REPORTS

SYSTEM OF GATHERING CROP RETURNS TO BE REVISED.

Present Plan Does Not Completely Cover the Ground and the Number of Correspondents Is to Be Greatly Enlarged.

Observer in Every Township. A scheme to make an important change in the system of crop reporting is about to be put into operation by the Agricultural Department. A correspondent will be located in every township, and he will be required to report promptly to the Department. The plan will embrace only twenty States, ranging from New York to the innermost of the Central States, but these comprise 90 per cent of the wheat area. They include 1,380 counties, and the greatness of the scheme is apparent when it is taken into consideration that the number of townships in a county averages about fifteen. This will be used in conjunction with the system now in vogue, each set of reports acting as a check on the other. Steps looking to the organization of the new correspondents have been taken, but the new plan cannot be put in operation before next year. The plan was suggested by a committee of the National Board of Trade. Another plan, that of licensing all thrashers who are to be required to make the reports, has been under consideration, but it is not regarded as feasible by officials. The thrashers would have to be licensed by the State. This would cause a very material delay in transmittal.

Funeral of Gresham.

All honors that are for a dead soldier were accorded Wednesday at Washington to the remains of Walter Quinton Gresham. That surpassing tribute—a military funeral—all the nation can do for the very best of its sons in death, was paid to him. The wheels of the Government at home and in the remote corners of the earth where it is represented by ministers and consuls, stopped still while the ceremonies of the burial progressed. Every official flag on the department buildings, on the far-away frontier posts, on post offices and on custom houses all over the United States fluttered at half-mast. The President and his ministers laid aside their duties and bore away the body to its last rest. The fondest wish of statesman or soldier could ask no more. All through the ceremonies President Cleveland's gaze was riveted upon the casket which contained the remains of his friend. Mr. Cleveland was greatly affected, and of all those in the great room none showed more clearly his depth of feeling.

Eric Canal Is Dead.

Three hundred canal boats are lying rotting in the water at Buffalo as the result of the low freight rates on grain to New York. The shipment of grain from the West are fully up to the average this season, the terminal elevator having already handled 3,500,000 bushels, yet out of this the canal has had only three boat loads, notwithstanding the very low rates offered by the boatmen—1.13 cents for wheat and 1½ cents for oats. The explanation given is that the railroads have agents in every corner of the country, and by added facilities are able to keep cutting down the rates until a scale has been reached which is ruinously low. It is further said that 1,000 bushels are now being put into one car, while four or five hundred bushels were considered a carload a few years ago. Altogether, the old Erie canal, which originally, perhaps, made the Empire State what she is, is passing through a far from bright stage of its history.

Remarkable Military Reunion.

One of the most remarkable military reunions in the history of the world occurred at Chicago Wednesday, when the most famous surviving generals of the Confederacy met the most famous surviving generals of the Union armies at a banquet tendered by the Citizens' Committee of Chicago. Two hundred and fifty men, many of them prominent in the nation's history, sat down to the feast. Opposite Mayor Swift and Gen. Fitzhugh Lee sat Lieut. Gen. James Longstreet, the famous ex-Confederate chiefstain. Gen. Wade Hampton chatted with Gen. John M. Palmer, and Gen. Butler, of South Carolina, pledged the health of Illinois' favorite soldier, Gen. John C. Black. When the band played "Sherman's March to the Sea" the ex-Confederates led the applause, and when the inspiring strains of "Dixie" filled the hall the veterans of the Union responded with a hearty good will.

NEWS NUGGETS.

The Presbyterian general assembly closed its sessions at Pittsburg Monday night and will meet at Saratoga next year.

The French steamer Dom Pedro, bound for Carrilo, Spain, has been wrecked off Curubedo. Eighty of those on board were drowned. The disaster was caused by the bursting of a boiler.

At Ellicoiti City, Md., Jacob Henson, colored, under sentence of death for the murder three months ago of Daniel F. Shea, was hanged by lynchers. Henson's feigned insanity was to have been introduced, which probably caused the lynchers to take the law into their own hands.

Roth & Friedman's four-story knitting factory was destroyed by fire at Toledo, Ohio. Several firemen were severely scorched. Loss on building, \$40,000; insured. Loss on machinery and stock, \$125,000; insured for \$88,000. Four hundred and fifty people are thrown out of employment.

A report from Santiago says that Gen. Maximo Gomez, the Cuban leader, has died of wounds received in the battle of Dos Rios.

A special from Athens says two Armenians, editors of the Journal Vatan, have been arrested there for blackmailing the Turkish minister and publishing articles insulting to the sultan.



CHAPTER XIX.

"Hilda," cried Lord Bayneham, when he saw his wife, "what have you been doing? Late hours and dancing do not suit you. You are like a drooping willow this morning. Look at Barbara—she is blooming and a rosy."

"I am afraid all this gaiety has been too much for you," she said kindly. "You look very ill. Most to-day, and I will do all I can to supply your place."

"I am sure you will," she said, and she looked at him wistfully; how little he knew, how little he dreamed who it was she had been to see!

How little he thought the young wife whose comfort he was studying in that sumptuous room was a convict's daughter! If he knew it, surely he would send her from him and never see her more.

Lord Bayneham piled up soft downy cushions on the couch; he lowered the blinds and placed the pretty little stand by her side.

A vase of rare exotics stood upon it, filling the room with a summer breath of fragrance.

"Shall I read to you now?" he asked. "Barbara and my mother can keep every one amused; or would you like to be alone?"

"Read to me, if you will be so kind," she replied, for she dreaded being alone again; she knew thinking would almost become madness.

ghosts. Claude firmly believes in them. "I shall be well soon," said Hilda, evasively, thinking, poor child, how truly Barbara spoke. She had seen the ghost of her youth and happiness; no wonder she looked pale and scared.

When she was once more left alone, Hilda tried hard to arouse herself from the bewildered state she had fallen into. "They will suspect me soon," she said, "unless I can recover myself."

She thought, with a cold shudder of dread, what the consequences of detection must be. She did not care for her husband's title, his rank, position, or wealth; but she loved him, and without him life would be a burden she could not bear.

Tuesday morning came at last, when Magdalen Hurst was to be laid in her lonely grave, and Lady Hilda resolved to attend her funeral; yet she found great difficulty in doing so.

Happily the morning was bright; the sun shone as though shedding a last blessing upon the broken-hearted woman who was never to see it more.

It was a very poor funeral; there was nothing to be seen save the bearers, and Mrs. Paine as chief mourner. No one noticed the lady in the dark dress who knelt in one of the pews and wept as though her heart was breaking.

"I am not at all satisfied with Hilda's state of health," said Lady Bayneham to Barbara Earle. "The child looks as though a cloud had fallen over her. Claude tells me she goes about visiting cottages and all that kind of thing. It must be very injurious to her."

"Did you ever try it, aunt?" asked Miss Earle, quietly. "Cottage visiting? No, my love, I am too sensitive," said the countess, blandly. "I gave plenty away during the late earl's lifetime, but I cannot endure sorrowful sights; they make me ill."

With all his skill, the doctor could find no solution to the mystery—no reason for the weakness and languor that wore away the life of his beautiful patient.

squire, and early in life had married Sir Wilton Grahame, a baronet of noble descent, and through him was connected with some of the best families in England. Her mother was the daughter of Lord Delcain, and her mother's family was a large one.

The ladies had been out shopping, and something had evidently caused Lady Grahame great pleasure, for her eyes sparkled, and her comely, pleasant face was lit with smiles.

"I am told that he is very wealthy; that he made a large fortune abroad, and goes into the best society, I know. Really I never saw a more polished or charming manner, and such a flow of spirits. I cannot remember the witty things he said, but we quite agreed upon many points. He has a very handsome house near the Park."

It was a bright May day; the windows of the pretty drawing room were open; the soft warm breeze was laden with the fragrance of mignonette, Lady Grahame's favorite flower. The blinds were skillfully arranged, so that a beautiful rosy light came from the silken hangings.

"I will not read, my dear," she said, when Miss Lowe suggested a book; "it makes me so sleepy and stupid. Give me that purse I am netting; you can read aloud if you choose."

Lady Grahame blushed and smiled. Cool, elegant woman of the world as she was, she did not feel at her ease in the presence of this handsome stranger. He had brought the wonderful opal, and there was plenty of discussion over it.

"I should be set in pure, pale gold," said Lady Grahame, admiringly. "I have seen many jewels, but none like this."

There was so much to be said about the wonderful opal that it was luncheon time before the visit was half ended, and Mr. Fulton accepted Lady Grahame's invitation to join them.

"The month of blossoms," "sweet maiden May," came round again, bringing all most worthy of note—men of letters, artists, poets, statesmen, beauties and belles—to the great city. London was in its pride.

She was the only child of a country

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

SERIOUS SUBJECTS CAREFULLY CONSIDERED.

A Scholarly Exposition of the Lesson—Thoughts Worthy of Calm Reflection—Half an Hour's Study of the Scriptures—Time Well Spent.

Lesson for June 9.

Golden Text.—"He opened to us the Scriptures."—Luke 24: 32. This lesson is found in Luke 24: 13-32, and has for its subject "The Walk to Emmaus." It is a side-light in the little incidental mercies that follow us all the days of our lives.

"Behold, two of them." And was Luke one? Is it his modest way of speaking of himself? Certainly he tells of the incident as one very familiar with its details. And yet are there not points in it to which all hearts give instinctive response?

"We trusted that it had been he." No, not "trusted." They simply had hoped. And this indeed is what the Greek of the passage says, We are hoping. Had they been trusting they would not have been "astonished," as they confess they were, at the tidings of the resurrection brought by the women.

"A vision of angels which said that he was alive." As yet the doctrine of the resurrection was an angelic possession. Nobody was saying it in faith, only a company of angels. Yes, and a group of wondering women, just now gathering faith. But the only preachers of the resurrection at the first were angels in the garden.

"How it smoothes the rugged road! How it seems to help me onward. Where I faint beneath my load. When my heart is crushed with sorrow, And my eyes with tears are dim, There is naught can yield me comfort Like a little talk with him."

It is a lesson of Christian experience, and of every-day experience. There are revelations of Christ which may be called epochal; but here we have the wayside Christ, the Jesus of the every-day pilgrimage, the Jesus that comes and walks with us at our ordinary tasks.

This lesson tells of a common experience. A joyous experience, too. See those disciples with swift feet hastening to tell of "what things were done in the way and how he was known of them in the breaking of bread." The others were full of the wonderful disclosures made to Peter and the Marys, but this, there was enough for them, the Christ that came by the way.

Next Lesson—"Peter and the Risen Lord"—John 21: 4-17.

DOINGS AT LANSING.

WORK OF THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

An Impartial Record of the Work Accomplished by Those Who Make Our Laws—How the Time Has Been Occupied During the Past Week.

The Law-Makers.

The Waite anti-treating bill passed the House Thursday by a vote of 75 to 17, and was given immediate effect. The bill makes it unlawful for any person to purchase for or give to another any spirituous, malt, brewed or fermented liquors in any saloon, bar-room, club-room or tavern where the same is kept for sale by the drink, or to treat another in any way in any such places to a drink of liquor.

The bill increasing the specific tax on the earnings of Michigan railroads was passed the Senate has brought down upon the Legislature a large lobby in the interests of the railroads to attempt slaughter of the bill in the House.

The Senate Saturday, by a vote of 23 to 1, passed the first bill ever introduced in the Michigan Legislature for the purpose of restraining the legislative lobby.

By a vote of 15 to 12 the Senate Monday afternoon killed the Waite anti-treating bill which last week passed the House, by striking out all after the enacting clause.

Friends of the capital punishment bill tried again Monday to get it through the House, but it fell short four votes. The woman's suffrage joint resolution received 64 of the 67 votes necessary to submit the proposition to the people.

Won One. An intelligent foreigner is said to have expressed himself after the following fashion in regard to the English language: "When I discovered that if I was quick I was fast, if I stood firm I was fast, if I spent too freely I was fast, and that not to eat was to fast, I was discouraged; but when I came across the sentence, 'The first one won one guinea prize,' I was tempted to give up trying to learn the English language."

Benjamin Franklin's Boyhood. Franklin worked while other boys spent their time in idle sports. The money they spent in beer he spent in books. He pledged himself against strong drinks and lived frugally. While working at the press he found ample time for severe study. The Spectator gave him style; De Foe on "Projects" made him an inventor; Mather on "Doing Good" made him a philanthropist; Locke and Zephon made him a philosopher, and the Bible made him a Christian.

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| Corn for 25c. | Good tea dust 8c per lb. |
| Salts 2c per lb. | Standard tomatoes at 7c. per can. |
| Cream cheese 10c per lb. | 8-lb pail family white fish for 43c. |
| Smoking tobacco 15c. per lb. | 25 boxel matches for 25c. |
| Clean broken rice for 25c. | Starch and soda 6c per lb. |
| \$1.00 medicines 58c to 75c | Herring 15c per box. |
| Lbs sulphur \$1.00. | 7 cakes laundry soap for 25c. |
| Lbs best crackers for 25c | 9 sticks best chicory for 10c. |
| Cocotash 9c per can. | 4 1/2 lbs best rice for 25c. |
| Lbs Cal. prunes for 25c | Choice peaches 10c per can. |
| Lbs best rolled oats 25c | Cal. cherries 15c per can. |
| Cans salmon for 25c. | All 50c patent medicines 28 to 38c. |

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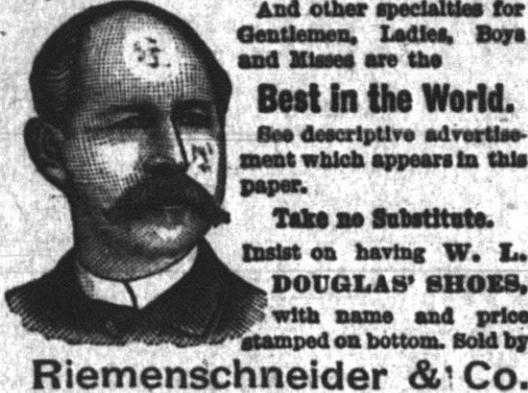
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WASHINGTON LETTER

Special Correspondence. Of course the rejection of the income tax will create a deficit in the public revenue. No one debates that fact. The margin was very small in the first instance, and the fact is there would have been no margin at all had not the Senate amendments to the Wilson tariff bill infused a little practical sense into the that originally-maudlin dream of free trade. The adverse decision of the supreme court, however, reinstates the problem which the senate in 1894 strove to avert. Now the country is confronted with a deficit, and the inquiry is prevalent in political and official circles as to how that deficit shall be made good. It is expected that by making the most of our resources, practicing at the same time a severe and strenuous "economy," it will be possible to pull through until next December. No doubt that policy will be pursued. For some reason the prospect of an extra session of congress is in many quarters regarded with aversion and alarm. Although congress is the expressly appointed medium through which public sentiment is enabled so assert itself, the prejudice against an extra session prevails, and the problem of revenue and government finances will be postponed. The extra session is to be avoided and the government will limp along on crutches until December comes and the new congress can speak. That the deficit will be provided for quite effectually there need be no doubt. The resources of the nation could provide for a deficit ten times as great without necessarily inflicting hardship upon any individual. The only question is whether the fifty-fourth congress will bend itself at once to the task of restoring the country's imperiled prosperity. That they will quickly and patriotically solve the problem is the prayer of every thoughtful, intelligent and patriotic citizen.

Probably the cause of civil service reform has never received more substantially impetus than it did last week when President Cleveland issued a series of orders in relation to the department of agriculture, directing that hereafter all chiefs of division shall be appointed, not at the personal pleasure of the secretary but under civil service rules. The action of the president at this juncture is taken as significant of future important extensions of the classified service in other departments. Before Mr. Roosevelt retired from the civil service commission, that body had strongly presented to the president the necessity of extending the protection of the merit system over many of the higher grade positions now filled by political favor. And the present attitude of Mr. Cleveland in the matter is believed to indicate his purpose to ultimately give the business affairs of the government all the advantage that can possibly accrue from the widest application of the merit system in appointment and promotions in office. When the coming extension of the civil service rules, so that they shall embrace and protect all the employees and officials of the government other than those who are directly connected with shaping the executive policy of the nation, has been accomplished—and the end does not seem far away—its benefits will be seen not only in a more economical transaction of public business but also in improved political conditions. In the new era parties will look for live issues, and free from spolia, will forget that they ever fought for patronage and plunder. One of the most interesting characters in public life under the Cleveland administration is Mr. Eckels, the comptroller of the currency. His youth and slight, shrinking figure have been discussed too often to require notice. That he has been a notable figure in this administration and a decided entity, nobody will deny. It is said that Mr. Cleveland first had his attention drawn to the young man during the campaign, at a great political gathering in New York, at which Mr. Cleveland spoke, and among others, Mr. Eckels, then a struggling young lawyer in Illinois. The story goes that as Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Whitney were about to leave the hall, the ex-secretary pulled the ex-president into a seat in an obscure part of the same and whispered to him to "listen to that young fellow handle the financial problem." Mr. Cleveland sat down and did not leave until Mr. Eckels had finished his speech. After the administration had fairly got down to a working basis, an Illinois delegation asked for the selection of Mr. Eckels as a district attorney for one of the Illinois districts. But when the president reached Mr. Eckels' papers he quietly laid them aside and suggested to the Illinois patronage brokers to recommend some one else for the district attorneyship. One day shortly afterwards Eckels was at the capitol while congress was in session. There was a batch of appointments that day and conspicuous in the list was the name of Eckels as the

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president's selection for comptroller of the currency. Those who saw him will never forget the look of astonishment and mild dismay that overspread his features when he saw the announcement. "Comptroller of the currency?" he exclaimed, "I know about as much of the work required of me as a monkey of astronomy." But Mr. Cleveland assured the youthful looking appointee that his New York speech had completely convinced him of his entire ability to perform the duties of comptroller, and upon this advice the new comptroller moved into the office in which Knox had won undying fame.

There is a noticeable scarcity of high officials in the city just now. The president is out at Woodley, preparatory to leaving the capital for the summer. Secretary Carlisle is in Kentucky. Secretary Lamont is in New York. Secretary Herbert is in Gettysburg, and Secretary Smith is down south.

Justice Field announces that he will stay in the Supreme Court to oppose the income tax as long as his strength lasts and adds that in addition will take exceedingly good care of his health.

Annual Meeting of the Pioneers.

The next annual meeting of the Pioneer Society of Washtenaw county will be held in the Methodist church in the village of Dexter on Wednesday, June 12th, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the election of officers for the ensuing year and transaction of other business.

Brief addresses will be read by well known pioneers after which reminiscences of pioneer life will be in order. Excellent music will be furnished by Dexter musicians.

The citizens of Dexter and adjoining townships will furnish the banquet in the basement of the church. A general attendance of the old settlers of the county is requested. Come early and fill the church by 10 o'clock sharp. J. Q. A. SESSIONS, Sec'y. ISAAC TERRY, Pres.

Bay View Announcements Out.

The Bay View summer announcements are out and are of public interest. They fill sixty pages of magazine size and are beautiful with a hundred half-tone views of scenery and life at this great Northern Michigan resort and summer educational center. The assembly four weeks' program is strikingly attractive and the summer university with its forty-five instructors from leading institutions, offers unsurpassed advantages. It embraces eight thoroughly equipped schools: College and school of methods, Bible school, conservatory, schools of art, oratory, physical culture, and for writers. The enrollment a year ago was very nearly 800. It is given out at headquarters that this is going to be the largest and finest of all the twenty Bay View years. The University opens on July 10th; the Assembly July 17th, both closing August 14th. All Michigan railroads will sell half fare tickets there, daily, from July 8th to 17th inclusive, return limit August 15th. Round trip tickets from Chelsea will be only \$8.81. The public will be supplied with the summer announcement, giving also full information about expenses, etc., by addressing a card to J. M. Hall, Flint, Mich. Call for June Bay View Magazine

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Eggs for Sale. The Brown Leghorns. Read what Samuel Wilson, probably the largest chicken raiser in the United States has to say of them: "They are the standard layers of America." Frank Brooks has a fine flock of full bloods, and will supply you with eggs. Price given on application.

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MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time Card, taking effect, May 19, 1896. TRAINS EAST: No. 8—Detroit Night Express 5:10 a. m. No. 36—Atlantic Express 7:17 a. m. No. 12—Grand Rapids 10:35 a. m. No. 2—Express and Mail 3:19 p. m. TRAINS WEST: No. 3—Express and Mail 9:17 a. m. No. 13—Grand Rapids 6:30 p. m. No. 7—Chicago Express 11:00 p. m. O. W. RUGGLES, Gen. Pass & Ticket Agt. WM. MARTIN, Agent.